





Annual Report 2024





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# **Company Information**

## **Board of Directors**

Mrs. Manizah Saif Chairperson
Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya Chief Executive

Mr. Junaid Khan

Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi Mr. Ahsan Ur Rehman Khan

Ms. Ayesha Saif Khan Mr. Khalid Rehman Khan

# **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Monim Ul Haq

# **Company Secretary**

Mr. Muhammad Kashif

## **Auditors**

Mushtaq & Co, Chartered Accountants

## **Audit Committee**

Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi Chairman Mrs. Manizah Saif Member Mr. Ahsan Ur Rehman Khan Member

## **HR and Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi Chairman Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya Member Mrs. Manizah Saif Member

# **Registered Office**

Redco Textiles Limited, Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad 44000, Pakistan. Tel: (+92-51) 2344251-57 Fax: (+92-51) 2344256 E-mail: sales@redcogroup.com

#### Mills

Redco Textiles Limited, 3-Km, Rawat-Kallar Seydan Road, P.O Sagri, Rawat,

Rawalpindi. Tel: (+92-51) 4610402-4 Fax: (+92-51) 4610401

E-mail: redcotextilemills@redcogroup.com



# **VISION**

To become a **fully Integrated** textiles group, capable of developing **profitable** relationships with the world's brands.

To launch our own **finished products** brands.

The company shall strive to become a market leader in its fields of operation with an emphasis on providing **innovative** and high **quality** products.





# **MISSION**

To provide **quality** products to customers and explore new markets to **expand sales** of the company.

To cultivate a dynamic team for achieving optimum prices for the company's products for **profitable** and sustainable growth.





## NOTICE OF 33rd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 33<sup>rd</sup> Annual General Meeting of the members of Redco Textiles Limited will be held at its Registered Office at Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad on **Monday, 28<sup>th</sup> October 2024** at **09:00 AM** to transact the following business:

## **Ordinary Business:**

- 1) To confirm the minutes of Extraordinary General Meeting held on 04<sup>th</sup> April 2024.
- 2) To receive, consider and adopt the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2024 along with Directors and Auditors reports thereon.
- 3) To appoint Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025 and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors, M/s Mushtaq & Co. Chartered Accountants, being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

## **Special Business:**

- 4) To ratify and approve the transactions conducted by the Company with related parties as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 by passing the following resolutions with or without modifications as special resolutions:
  - **RESOLVED THAT** the transactions conducted with related parties by the Company from time to time as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.
  - **FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company is authorized to approve the transactions conducted with the related parties as disclosed in the note 34 of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.
- 5) To receive, consider and approve the Circulation of Annual Report through QR Code and Through Weblink, in accordance with the Section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017 read with SECP's S.R.O 389(1)/2023 dated March 31, 2023 and pass the following resolution with or without modification:
  - "RESOLVED THAT, the Company be and is hereby authorized to circulate its Annual Report including Annual Audited Financial Statements, Auditor's Report, Directors Report, Chairman Review Report and other reports contained therein to Members of the Company through QR enabled Code and web link."

(Attached to this notice is a statement of Material Facts covering the above-mentioned Special Business, as required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017)

#### Other Business:

6) To consider any other business with permission of the chair.

By order of the Board (Muhammad Kashif) Company Secretary



#### Notes:

- a) The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 21<sup>st</sup> October to 28<sup>th</sup> October 2024 (both days inclusive).
- b) A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint any other member as his/ her proxy to attend and vote.
- c) The proxy to be valid must be in writing and received at the registered office of the company not later than 48 hours before the time of meeting and must be stamped, signed and witnessed.
- d) Members are requested to notify the Company regarding change in their addresses, if any.
- e) CDC shareholders desiring to attend the meeting are requested to bring their original National Identity Card, Account and Participants ID number, for identification purpose. In case of corporate entity, the Original or duly authenticated Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the Meeting.
- f) In compliance with SECP, the audited financial statements and reports of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024, & notice of AGM to be held on October 28, 2024 are being placed on the Company's website: <a href="https://www.redcotextiles.com">www.redcotextiles.com</a>
- g) Pursuant to the instructions of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its Circular No. 4 of 2021 dated February 15, 2021 facility of online meeting through Zoom Platform is also available for shareholders to attend/participate in Annual General Meeting. To attend the Annual General Meeting through video link, members and proxies are requested to register their particulars such as Name, CNIC Number, Folio/CDC Account Number, Cell Number and E-mail Address by sending an e-mail at <a href="mailto:kashif.muhammad135@gmail.com">kashif.muhammad135@gmail.com</a> at earliest but not later than 48 hours before the Meeting time with legible copy of valid CNIC/Passport. The video link and login credentials will be shared with the shareholders whose e-mails containing all the requested particulars are received in time as mentioned above
- h) Pursuant to Section 132(2) & section 134(b) of the Companies Act, 2017, if Company receives consent from Shareholders holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at geographical location to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 7 days prior to the date of meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.
- i) Pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018 for the purpose of passing special resolution; subject to the requirements of Section 143 and 144 of the Companies Act, 2017 members will be allowed to exercise their right of vote through postal ballot i.e. voting by post or through any electronic mode; in accordance with the requirements and procedure contained in the aforesaid Regulations.

Detail of E-Voting facility will be shared through e-mail with those members of the company who have valid cell numbers / e-mail addresses available in the Register of Members of the Company by the end of business on October 20, 2024 maintained by Corplink (Private) Limited being the e-voting service provider of the Company. Identity of the members intending to cast vote through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login. Members shall cast vote online from October 25, 2024, 9:00 A.M till October 27, 2024, 5:00 P.M. Voting shall close on October 27, 2024 at 5:00 P.M. Once the vote on the resolutions has been casted by a member, he/she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.



Members may alternatively opt for voting through postal ballot. For the convenience of the members, Ballot Paper is annexed to this notice.

The members must ensure that the duly filled and signed ballot paper, along with a copy of the Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post at the Company's registered address, or email one day before the AGM, i.e., on October 27, 2024 before 5:00 P.M. A postal ballot received after this time / date shall not be considered for voting. The signature on the Ballot Paper shall match with the signature on the CNIC.

# Statement Pursuant to Section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017, this statement sets forth the material facts concerning the special business listed hereinabove, to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of Redco Textiles Limited to be held on October 28, 2024.

## **Transactions with Related Parties**

During the financial year 2023-24, the Company entered into various transactions with related parties of which the major transactions are receipts from associated undertaking.

# Approval to circulate Annual Report via QR code and weblink

Approval to circulate the Annual Audited Financial Statements, Auditor's Report and Directors' Report, etc. to its members through QR enabled code and weblink as required under section 223 (7) of Companies Act, 2017 and subsequently advised by SECP through its Notification S.R.O 389 (1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023.



## **REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED**

#### **NOTICE FOR BALLOT PAPER AND E-VOTING FACILITY**

For poll at the Annual General Meeting of Redco Textiles Limited to be held on Monday, October 28, 2024 at the Company's Registered Office address at: Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad.

Designated email address of The Chairman at which the duly filled in ballot paper may be sent:

#### sales@redcogroup.com

Name of shareholder/joint shareholders	
Registered Address	
Folio No. / CDC Participant / Investor ID with sub account No	
Number of shares held	
CNIC, NICOP/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (Copy to be attached)	
Additional Information and enclosures (In case of representative of body corporate, corporation and Federal Government.)	
Name of Authorized Signatory:	
CNIC, NICOP/Passport No. (In case of foreigner) of Authorized Signatory - (Copy to be attached)	

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the following resolutions through postal ballot by conveying my/our assent or dissent to the following resolution by placing tick ( $\sqrt{\ }$ ) mark in the appropriate box below;

#### **Special Business**

## Agenda # 4

To ratify and approve the transactions conducted by the Company with related parties as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 by passing the following resolutions with or without modifications as special resolutions:

**RESOLVED THAT** the transactions conducted with related parties by the Company from time to time as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company is authorized to approve the transactions conducted with the related parties as disclosed in the note 34 of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.



## Agenda # 5

To receive, consider and approve the Circulation of Annual Report through QR Code and Through Weblink, in accordance with the Section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017 read with SECP's S.R.O 389(1)/2023 dated March 31, 2023 and pass the following resolution with or without modification:

"RESOLVED THAT, the Company be and is hereby authorized to circulate its Annual Report including Annual Audited Financial Statements, Auditor's Report, Directors Report, Chairman Review Report and other reports contained therein to Members of the Company through QR enabled Code and web link."

Sr. No.	Nature and Description of resolutions	No. of ordinary shares for which votes cast	I/We assent to the Resolutions (FOR)	I/We dissent to the Resolutions (AGAINST)
1	Resolution as per Agenda # 4 (as given above)			
2	Resolution as per Agenda # 5 (as given above)			

# **NOTES:**

- 1. Dully filled postal ballot should be sent to chairman at **Redco Arcade**, **78-E**, **Blue Area**, **Islamabad** or through e-mail at **sales@redcogroup.com**
- 2. Copy of CNIC, NICOP/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.
- 3. Postal ballot forms should reach chairman of the meeting on or before October 27, 2024 before close of business hours i.e. 17:00 PST. Any postal ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.
- 4. Signature on postal ballot should match with signature on CNIC, NICOP/Passport (in case of foreigner).

Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written ballot paper will be rejected



# CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

I am pleased to present the report on the overall performance of the Board and effectiveness of its role in achieving the Company's objectives as well as ensuring overall compliance of the Companies Act, 2017 and Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019. The Board honestly performed its duties in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. I, as Chairperson of the Board, ensured that the board meetings are held in a satisfying environment focusing on achieving the overall objectives of the Company.

Despite operational difficulties during the financial year 2023-2024, due to excessively high electricity and natural gas prices, sky-high inflation rates, low production of cotton crop and harden economic conditions and political unrest, we have been able to post profit through meticulous efforts.

Redco Textiles Limited complies with all the requirements set out in the Law with respect to the composition, procedures and meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees. Relevant Board agendas and its related supporting documents were duly made available to the board in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. The Board exercised all its powers in accordance with relevant laws and regulation and the non-executive and independent directors are equally involved in important discussions and decisions of the board.

During the year, Board of Directors concentrated on the operational strategies and on setting the new financial and operational targets. The Board frequently traced the developments against the budgeted targets. The sub committees of the Board also performed their functions as per their terms of reference during the year under review. The Board carried out reviews of its success and achievements during the year which were quite up to the mark.

Islamabad October 04, 2024 Manizah Saif Chairperson



# **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

The Directors of Redco Textiles Limited are pleased to present the 33<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report along with audited annual financial statements and Auditors Report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2024 and other required information prescribed under the Code of Corporate Governance.

#### Overview

During the year under review the Company has shifted towards alternate energy source and as a part of this step the Company is installing solar panels at its premises. This will result in significant cost saving for the Company on account of excessive electricity charges. The Company was able to post profit during the year under review, despite the challenges posed by the exorbitant energy prices, stringent economic conditions and political unrest in the Country.

During the year 2023-2024, the cotton production during the current season has dropped by almost half compared to the same period of last year. The dismal production of cotton is largely being attributed to the impact of climate change. This, along with higher energy prices, raw materials, interest rates and other inputs is unfavorable for the industry. The continuously higher inflationary rates are poorly affecting the consumer behaviors and buying strength of the general public; therefore decreasing economic activities. The year was also noticeable due to convening of general elections and further negotiation by Government of Pakistan with International Monetary Fund (IMF) for Extended Fund Facility (EFF). Although IMF has approved Pakistan's request for EFF but it has set tough targets for Pakistan to meet against EFF. As a result of this, the general public with already broken backbone will be forced to squeeze their expenditures. This will affect the economy and all other sectors of the industry.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, your company earned a gross profit of Rs. 105.46 million on sales of Rs. 1,470.17 million, compared to a gross profit of Rs. 49.78 million on sales of Rs. 870.96 million of the previous financial year. During the current financial year, your company recorded a net profit of Rs. 212.08 million compared to net profit of Rs. 77.85 million in the corresponding previous year.

## Operational and Financial Performance

By the grace of Almighty Allah, the management took steps in the best interest of the company and the results of the Company can be termed as satisfactory keeping in view the stringent economic conditions and high energy costs which continued throughout the year. The company also made a significant investment by installing solar panels at its premises.

The profit before levies and income tax for the year ended 30th June 2024 is PKR 169.91 Million (30th June 2023: PKR 94.11 Million). The performance of the year under review may be compared against the preceding year below:



2024	2023
Rupees	Rupees
1,470,172,094	870,963,477
(1,364,711,274)	(821,183,461)
105,460,820	49,780,016
(2,330,394)	(539,899)
(24,246,347)	(25,043,426)
(17,901,507)	(9,781,964)
(44,478,248)	(35,365,289)
60,982,572	14,414,727
111,607,477	81,488,463
172,590,049	95,903,190
(2,676,936)	(1,792,070)
169,913,113	94,111,120
4.302	1.579
	Rupees 1,470,172,094 (1,364,711,274) 105,460,820  (2,330,394) (24,246,347) (17,901,507) (44,478,248) 60,982,572 111,607,477 172,590,049 (2,676,936) 169,913,113

During the year the Company maintained a healthy trend of sales and posted net sales revenue of Rupees 1,470 million with an increase of 40.76 percent (2023: Rupees 871 million). There was an increase in cost of sales of Rs. 1,364.71 million with an increase of 66.19 percent (2023: Rs. 821.18 million) which was mainly due to increase in energy and fuel costs.

The gross profit for the year under review is amounting to PKR 105.46 million as compared to gross profit PKR 49.78 million in the previous year. Whereas, profit before levies and income tax for the year under review is amounting to PKR 169.913 million as compared to profit before levies and income tax of PKR 94.111 million in prior year. The other income is increased mainly due to the sale of idle plant and machinery.

#### Acknowledgment

We submissively and respectfully bow our heads before Almighty Allah, the most Gracious and Merciful for guiding us and hope that the Company will continue to be awarded and blessed by His innumerable bounties.

We also want to place our extreme acknowledgement towards our valued shareholders, banks and customers, whose collaboration, uninterrupted support and assistance have enabled the company to strive for ongoing advancement and growth. During the year, the relationship between the management and employees remained gracious and we appreciate them for their commitment, continuity and concentration in rendering services for the company.

#### **Future Prospects**

The textile sector in Pakistan is facing many challenges thus negatively impacting its competitiveness. These challenges result in reduced demands, increasing inflation, higher operational costs, costly imports & raw materials purchases and increased taxation by government. This trouble is forcing many small and medium sized textile enterprises to shut down. On the contrary, larger textile units has shown flexibility in this taxing environment. Despite these challenges, industries remain optimistic about making profits through a special attention on cost cutting efforts.



A new government has assumed the office as a result of general elections during the year. IMF has also approved \$7 billion loan for Pakistan, which will encourage stability in future macro-economic indicators. However, this agreement came with tighten conditions; demanding extensive improvements. This means that the government may have limited fiscal independence. There is a political tension and military conflict in Middle East for almost past one year. There are chances that if conflict will continue to prolong then it may further increase fuel prices worldwide.

Your management is optimistic about the business environment as we are making plans to cut down the unfavorable effects of the high cost of doing business caused mainly due to exorbitant energy and fuel prices.

#### **Dividend Distribution**

The company is following residual dividend policy and increasing the working capital base to avail the benefits of holdings.

#### Statement of Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

In Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance, we give below statement of corporate and financial reporting framework:

- 1. The financial statements presented by the management of the company presents fairly its affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- 3. International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Auditing Standards (IAS), as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements; any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- 4. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and it has been effectively implemented and monitored .The process review will continue and any weakness in internal control will be removed.
- 6. There are no significant doubts upon the listed Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as detailed in listing regulations.
- 8. Key operating financial data for the last six years in summary form is annexed.
- 9. There are no levies and penalties due as on June 30, 2024.
- 10. Pattern of shareholding and additional data is annexed.
- 11. No any trade in the shares of the Company were carried out during the year by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children.



#### **Gender Pay Gap**

The Company is committed to promote a workplace which is free from gender discrimination and which ensures equal pay regardless of gender. Employee remuneration is determined by multiple factors including professional experience, tenure, education, job role, performance and market dynamics. Compensation is based on objective merit-based criteria, with no gender bias. The Company is focusing on increasing the number of female staff to further diversify and enhance its talent pool.

# **Board Meetings**

During the year four board meetings were held. Attendance was as follows:

Sr.	Director Name	Attendance
1	Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya	4
2	Mrs. Manizah Saif	3
3	Mr. Junaid Khan	4
4	Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi	4
5	Ms. Ayesha Saif Khan	3
6	Mr. Ahsan Ur Rehman Khan	4
7	Mr. Khalid Rehman Khan	2

#### **Audit Committee**

The board of Directors in compliance with the code of corporate governance established an audit committee. The names of the audit committee members are given in the 'Company Information page'.

#### HR and Remuneration Committee

The board of Directors in compliance with the code of corporate governance established an HR and Remuneration Committee. The names of HR and Remuneration committee members are given in the 'Company Information page'.

#### **External Auditors**

The audit committee and board of directors have recommended the re-appointment of M/s Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants as external auditors up till the next Annual General Meeting.

For and on behalf of the Board,

Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi Sarah M
Director Chief Ex

Islamabad

Dated: October 04, 2024

Sarah Muhammad Saya Chief Executive Officer



# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner;

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a) Male: 4 b) Female: 3

2. The composition of Board is as follows:

Category	Directors	
Independent Directors	Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi	
	Mr. Junaid Khan	
Non-executive Directors	Mrs. Manizah Saif	
	Mr. Ahsan Ur Rehman Khan	
	Mr. Khalid Rehman Khan	
Executive Directors	Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya	
	Ms. Ayesha Saif Khan	
Female Directors Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya		
	Mrs. Manizah Saif	
	Ms. Ayesha Saif Khan	

Fraction (0.33) related to the requirement for number of independent and executive directors each is less than 0.5 and therefore, has not rounded up as one.

- 3. All directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairperson and, in her absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board.



- 8. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. Majority of directors are exempt from Directors' Training program and Chief Executive Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya has completed Directors' Training Certification session in 2016.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal auditor, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee

Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi	Chairman
Mrs. Manizah Saif	Member
Mr. Ahsan Ur Rehman Khan	Member

b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi	Chairman
Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya	Member
Mrs. Manizah Saif	Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee: Quarterly

b) HR and Remuneration Committee: Annually

15. The board has outsourced the internal audit function to M/s Muniff Ziauddin & Co. Chartered Accountants who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.



- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

S. No.	Requirement	Explanation for Non-Compliance	Regulation No.
1	Representation of Minority shareholders: The minority members as a class shall be facilitated by the Board to contest election of directors by proxy solicitation.	No one has intended to contest election as director representing minority shareholders.	5
2	Voting in separate categories for female and independent directors in the election of directors:  Subject to section 154, 159 and section 166 of the Act and for the purpose of compliance with the requirements of regulation 6 and regulation 7 of these regulations, it is mandatory that voting for the election of directors of the listed company shall be held separately for the following three categories:  (i) the election of female directors; (ii) independent directors; and (iii) other directors.	Election of directors were held before insertion of this Regulation.	7A
3	Responsibilities of the Board and its members:  Adoption of the corporate governance practices.	Non-mandatory provisions of the CCG Regulations are partially complied.	10



4	Role of the Board and its members to address Sustainability Risks and Opportunities:  Responsibility of the Board for governance and oversight of sustainability risks and opportunities and to make policies to promote diversity, equity and inclusion (DE & I).	Non-mandatory provisions of the said Regulation are partially complied.	10A
5	Nomination Committee: The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	Currently, the board has not constituted a separate Nomination Committee and the functions are being performed by the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee.	29
6	Risk Management Committee: The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	Currently, the board has not constituted a Risk Management Committee and the senior officers of the Company perform the requisite functions and apprise the board accordingly.	30
7	Disclosure of significant policies on website:  The Company may post significant policies, brief synopsis of terms of references of its subcommittees and key elements of directors' remuneration policy on its website.	The requirement to disclose significant policies and other matters on the website is non-mandatory as per Regulation No. 35 and thus, the Company has not posted the same on its website. However, the Company is considering to post the same in future.	35

Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi Director Sarah Muhammad Saya CEO/Director

Islamabad

Dated: October 04, 2024



#### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 021-32638521-3 Email: info@mushtaqandco.com, audit.khi@mushtaqandco.com



# Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of **Redco Textiles Limited** on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Redco Textiles Limited for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Place: Lahore Dated: 04-Oct-2024

UDIN: CR202410724OcwyDYGsK

MUSHTAQ & CO
Chartered Accountants

**Engagement Partner:**Nouman Arshad, ACA



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 021-32638521-3 Email: info@mushtaqandco.com, audit.khi@mushtaqandco.com



# Independent auditor's report to the members of Redco Textiles Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Redco Textiles Limited** ('the Company'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2024 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matter(s)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



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We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

S. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	Revenue Recognition (Refer note 3.17 and note 24 to the financial statements)	Our key audit procedures in this area amongst others included the following;
	Revenue from sale of Company's products for the year ended 30 June 2024 has increased by approximately 69% as compared to last year. The Company recognizes revenue at a point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods.	Assessed the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls involved in revenue recognition;
	There is an inherent risk that revenue may be overstated since the Company focuses on revenue as a key performance measure, which could create an incentive for revenue to be recognized before the control has been transferred.	• Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policy and its compliance with IFRS 15: 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'.
	Considering revenue recognition a significant risk area, we have identified this as a key audit matter.	Performed testing of revenue on a sample basis with underlying documentation including dispatch documents and sales invoices;
		<ul> <li>Performed cut-off procedures on sample basis to ensure sales have been recorded in the correct period;</li> </ul>
		Checked on a sample basis, approval of sales prices by the appropriate authority.
		• Ensured that presentation and disclosures related to revenue are being addressed appropriately.



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## Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises directors' report and last six years' financial analysis but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



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As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provided the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



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## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Nouman Arshad, ACA.

# MUSHTAQ & CO Chartered Accountants

Lahore.

Dated: 04-October-2024

UDIN: AR202410724q65jF71Js



# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
			(Rupees in t	housands)		
Profit and Loss						
Net Sales	1,470,172	870,963	728,594	495,470	355,476	251,367
Gross Profit/(Loss)	105,460	49,780	65,847	36,803	51,439	45,344
Profit/(Loss) Before Levies & Income Tax	169,913	94,111	26,905	48,390	25,549	3,908
Profit/(Loss) After Taxation	212,080	77,845	17,489	55,441	20,953	942
Cash Outflows						
Taxes Paid	(101,237)	147,358	12,827	25,979	11,438	6,868
Financial Charges Paid	2,677	1,845	954	1,907	126	1,912
Fixed Capital Expenditures	-	149,643	435,593	376,011	216,293	23,985
Balance Sheet						
Current Assets	1,220,838	1,418,841	435,984	331,753	312,470	275,743
Current Liabilities	2,686,601	2,857,206	1,900,172	1,514,321	1,171,446	1,082,581
Operating Fixed Assets	2,312,596	1,751,048	1,715,529	1,407,865	950,028	783,255
Total Assets	3,799,400	3,181,950	2,161,571	1,749,685	1,268,372	1,064,884
Shareholders Equity	1,002,857	303,994	226,625	215,445	72,937	(22,730)
Ratios						
Current Ratio	0.45:1	0.50:1	0.23:1	0.22:1	0.27:1	0.25:1
Gross Profit/(Loss) %	7.17	5.72	9.04	7.43	14.47	18.04
Profit/(Loss) Before Levies & Income Tax %	11.56	10.81	3.69	9.77	7.19	1.55
Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	4.30	1.58	0.36	1.13	0.43	0.02
Production Machines						
Number of Air Jet Looms Installed Number of Spindles Installed	200	200	180	154 -	124 -	92 -



# **FORM 20**

# THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f)) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

1.1 Name of the Company

**Redco Textiles Limited** 

2.1. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2024

Shareholdings					
2.2 No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held		
64	1	100	1,839		
450	101	500	217,590		
54	501	1,000	53,106		
112	1,001	5,000	319,409		
18	5,001	10,000	134,428		
5	10,001	15,000	65,097		
10	15,001	20,000	179,816		
4	20,001	25,000	90,800		
3	25,001	30,000	83,187		
1	30,001	35,000	31,500		
3	35,001	40,000	112,851		
1	40,001	45,000	43,100		
6	45,001	50,000	290,801		
1	55,001	60,000	56,500		
1	70,001	75,000	73,476		
1	75,001	80,000	77,700		
1	85,001	90,000	88,700		
1	95,001	100,000	100,000		
2	100,001	105,000	204,400		
1	120,001	125,000	122,800		
1	130,001	135,000	133,000		
1	140,001	145,000	142,400		
2	145,001	150,000	294,800		
2	175,001	180,000	353,300		
1	185,001	190,000	189,000		
1	220,001	225,000	222,100		
1	265,001	270,000	265,400		
1	290,001	295,000	294,700		
1	440,001	445,000	442,300		
1	445,001	450,000	448,800		
1	615,001	620,000	615,500		
1	880,001	885,000	884,600		
1	1,105,001	1,110,000	1,105,750		
1	1,710,001	1,715,000	1,711,500		
1	1,960,001	1,965,000	1,965,000		
1	2,120,001	2,125,000	2,123,500		
1	8,220,001	8,225,000	8,223,300		
1	13,365,001	13,370,000	13,365,400		
1	14,165,001	14,170,000	14,165,150		
760			49,292,600		



2.3 Categories of Sharehold	ers	Shares Held	Percentage
2.3.1 Directors, Chief Execut and their spouse and mi	·	29,832,450	60.5212%
2.3.2 Associated Companies undertakings and related parties. (Parent Companies)	d	0	0.0000%
2.3.3 NIT and ICP		393,400	0.7981%
2.3.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, No Banking Financial Institu		985,922	2.0001%
2.3.5 Insurance Companies		1,965,000	3.9864%
2.3.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds		0	0.0000%
2.3.7 Shareholders holding 1 or more	0%	37,877,350	76.8419%
2.3.8 General Public			
a. Lo	cal	15,086,027	30.6051%
b. Fo	reign	3,000	0.0061%
2.3.9 Others (to be specified)			
- Joint Stock Companies		381,501	0.7740%
- Investment Companies		645,300	1.3091%



# Redco Textiles Limited Categories of Shareholding required under Code of Coprorate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2024

Sr. No.	Name	No. of Shares	Percentage			
Associate	Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail):	-	-			
Mutual F	unds (Name Wise Detail)	-	-			
Directors	and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):					
1	MRS. MANIZAH SAIF	176,400	0.3579%			
2	MR. IRFAN AHMED SIDDIQI	500	0.0010%			
3	MRS. SARAH MUHAMMAD SAYA	16,288,650	33.0448%			
4	MR. ASHAN UR REHMAN KHAN	13,365,400	27.1144%			
5	MISS AYESHA SAIF KHAN	500	0.0010%			
6	MR. KHALID REHMAN KHAN	500	0.0010%			
7	MR. JUNAID KHAN	500	0.0010%			
Executives:						
Public Se	Public Sector Companies & Corporations:					
	evelopment Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance es, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:	2,950,922	5.9865%			
Sharehol	ders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed compar	ny (Name Wi	se Detail)			
S. No.	NAME	HOLDING	%AGE			
1	MRS. SARAH MUHAMMAD SAYA	16,288,650				
2	MR. ASHAN UR REHMAN KHAN	13,365,400				
3	MR. SAIF-UR-REHMAN KHAN	8,223,300				
All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children:						
S.No	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE			

NIL



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2024

·		2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	5	2,558,812,915	1,751,048,321
Long Term Investments	6	67,685	39,000
Long term deposits	7	19,681,879	12,021,879
CURRENT ASSETS	_	2,578,562,479	1,763,109,200
CONNENT ASSETS	_		
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	8	484,090,507	761,256,409
Stock in trade	9	55,548,215	182,690,355
Trade debts	10	286,482,851	156,961,716
Loans, advances and other receivables	11	34,414,671	45,721,961
Short term investments	12	130,000,000	-
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	13	77,599	141,608
Tax refunds due from Government	14	93,403,542	223,525,579
Cash and bank balances	15	136,820,685	48,542,883
		1,220,838,070	1,418,840,511
TOTAL ASSETS	_	3,799,400,549	3,181,949,711
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized capital			
80,000,000 (June 30, 2023: 80,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	-	800,000,000	800,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital			
49,292,600 (June 30, 2023: 49,292,600) ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	16	492,926,000	492,926,000
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment - net of tax	17	869,396,739	381,964,314
Director's loan	22	69,599,501	69,599,501
Other reserves		12,610	(16,075)
Accumulated loss		(429,078,000)	(640,479,489)
	_	1,002,856,850	303,994,251
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Staff retirement benefits-gratuity	18	27,964,686	20,749,230
Deferred taxation	19	81,977,732	-
		109,942,418	20,749,230
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	20	222,701,408	406,562,604
Short term borrowings from associated undertakings	21	871,701,203	848,390,650
Short term borrowings from directors and others	22	1,592,198,670	1,602,252,976
		2,686,601,281	2,857,206,230
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	23		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	3,799,400,549	3,181,949,711
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.			

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

pees Rupees
70,172,094 870,963,477
64,711,274) (821,183,461)
05,460,820 49,780,016
(2,330,394) (539,899)
24,246,347) (25,043,426)
17,901,507) (9,781,964)
44,478,248) (35,365,289)
60,982,572 14,414,727
11,607,477 81,488,463
72,590,049 95,903,190
(2,676,936) (1,792,070)
69,913,113 94,111,120
28,885,229) (15,998,890)
41,027,884 78,112,230
-   (72,925)
71,052,008 (194,241)
71,052,008 (267,166)
12,079,892 77,845,064
4.302 1.579
4 3 1 ( ( ( ( ) 1 1 1 1 ( ) 1 1 ( ) 1 1 1 ( ) 1 1 1 ( ) 1 1 1 ( ) 1 1 1 1

 $\label{thm:continuous} The \ annexed \ notes \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$ 



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Profit for the year		212,079,892	77,845,064
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will never be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings Impact of deferred tax		646,326,205 (154,927,049) 491,399,156	:
Re-measurement of staff retirement benefits  Deferred tax on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits		(6,542,443) 1,897,309 (4,645,134)	(669,796) 194,241 (475,555)
Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Fair value Gain / (loss) arised during the period	Γ	28,685	(335)
	L_	28,685	(335)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	698,862,599	77,369,174
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.			



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Capital F	Reserves		Revenue Reserves	
	Share capital	Revaluation surplus	Unrealized gain/(loss) on investment measured at FVOCI	Director's loan	Accumulated loss	Total equity
			Ru	pees		
Balance as at June 30, 2022	492,926,000	386,139,820	(15,740)	69,599,501	(722,024,504)	226,625,077
Total comprehensive Income / (loss) for the year Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	77,845,064	77,845,064
Other Comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	(335)	-	(475,555)	(475,890)
Incremental depreciation transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment (Net of deferred tax)						
deferred tax)	-	(4,175,506)	-	-	4,175,506	-
Balance as at June 30, 2023	492,926,000	381,964,314	(16,075)	69,599,501	(640,479,489)	303,994,251
Total comprehensive Income / (loss) for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	212,079,892	212,079,892
Other Comprehensive income / (loss)	-	491,399,156	28,685	-	(4,645,134)	486,782,707
Incremental depreciation transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment (Net of						
deferred tax)	-	(3,966,731)	-	-	3,966,731	-
Balance as at June 30, 2024	492,926,000	869,396,739	12,610	69,599,501	(429,078,000)	1,002,856,850

 $\label{thm:continuous} The \ annexed \ notes \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$ 



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before Levies and Income Tax		169,913,113	94,111,120
Adjustments for :	F	1	
Depreciation		78,225,182	80,367,781
Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity		10,587,690	8,161,052
Allowance for ECL on trade debts		1,724,476	620,647
Amortization of govt. grant		-	(1,174,697)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(6,547,004)	-
Finance cost		2,676,936	1,792,070
	_	86,667,280	89,766,853
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes		256,580,393	183,877,973
Changes in working capital:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets	Ī		
Stores, spare parts and loose tools		277,165,902	(711,807,967)
Stock in trade		127,142,140	(106,198,180)
Trade debts		(131,245,611)	1,988,233
Loan & Advances and Trade deposits		11,371,299	6,441,066
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities  Trade and other payables		(183,861,196)	169,956,557
	l	100,572,534	(639,620,291)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	-	357,152,927	(455,742,318)
Long term deposits	[	(7,660,000)	(2,002,800)
GIDC Paid		-	(18,990)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid		(9,914,677)	(6,588,655)
Finance cost paid		(2,676,936)	(1,844,721)
Taxes paid		101,236,808	(147,358,171)
	L	80,985,195	(157,813,337)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	- -	438,138,122	(613,555,655)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Property, plant and equipment - acquired	[	-	(115,887,188)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		13,100,000	-
Capital work in progress - Solar system		(246,216,567)	-
Investment in term deposit certificate		(130,000,000)	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(363,116,567)	(115,887,188)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Short term borrowings from associated undertakings		23,310,553	78,394,733
Short term borrowings from directors and others		(10,054,306)	700,701,313
Long term financing from banking companies		-	(7,039,428)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	-	13,256,247	772,056,618
Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	•	88,277,802	42,613,775
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		48,542,883	5,929,108
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	15	136,820,685	48,542,883
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.	•		



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 1 The Company and its operations

1.1 Redco Textiles Limited is a Public Limited Company, incorporated in Pakistan on 17 October 1991. It was incorporated under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 now the Companies Act, 2017 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. Redco's principal activities include manufacture and sale of yarn and greige fabric. The Company is also generating its revenue by conversion of yarn into fabrics. The registered office of the Company is situated at 78-E, Redco Arcade, Blue Area, Islamabad. The manufacturing facility is located at 3-km, Rawat-Kallar Seydan Road, P.O Sagri, Rawat, Rawalpindi, District Rawalpindi in the Province of Punjab.

#### 2 Basis of Preparation

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provision of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments at fair value and employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is also the company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest Rupee.

#### 2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 2.5 Standards, Interpretations And Amendments To The Approved Accounting Standards

- 2.5.1 There are certain amendments and interpretations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period which began on July 1, 2023. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements except as disclosed in note 3 to these financial statements.
- 2.5.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company:

Effective date (annual reporting periods beginning on or after)

IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2024
IAS 7	Statement of Cash flows (Amendments)	January 1, 2024
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	January 1, 2024
IAS 21	The Effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Amendments)	January 1, 2025
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 1, 2026
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2026
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments - Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 1, 2026



- 2.5.3 The above standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations are not likely to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements
- 2.5.4 Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards and interpretation, which have not been notified locally or declared exempt by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) as at 30 June 2024:

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangement

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial StatementsIFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

#### 3 Material Accounting Policy Information

#### 3.1 Borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost, less attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

#### 3.2 Employee benefits

#### Short term employees benefits

The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees as a liability after deducting amount already paid and as an expense in profit or loss unless it is included in the cost of inventories or property, plant and equipment as permitted or required by the approved accounting standards. If the amount paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment would lead to a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

The Company provides for compensated absences of its employees on unavailed balance of leaves in the period in which the leaves are earned.

#### Post retirement benefits

#### Defined benefit plans

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its permanent employees who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. Liability is adjusted annually to cover the obligation and the adjustment is charged to profit or loss. The determination of the Company's obligation under the scheme requires assumptions to be made of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration, expected average remaining working lives of employees and discount rate used to derive present value of defined benefit obligation.

Amounts recognized in the balance sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service cost.

There is risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what the entity has assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, the benefit amount would also increase proportionately.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in comprehensive income for the period in which these arise.

#### 3.3 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the enacted / corporate tax rate after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, as per the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes after considering the enacted tax rate.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences and carried forward unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at enacted tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



#### Levy

Tax charged under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 which is not based on taxable income or any amount paid / payable in excess of the calculation based on taxable income or any minimum tax which is not adjustable against future income tax liability is classified as levy in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as these levies fall under the scope of IFRIC 21/IAS 37.

#### 3.4 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### 3.5 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are recognized and carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not invoices to the company.

#### 3 6 Dividend

Dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved by shareholders.

#### 3.7 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

#### Owned assets

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost or revalued amounts, as the case may be, less accumulated depreciation or impairment, if any and capital work in progress is stated at cost.

#### Subsequent cost

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on the basis of written down value method whereby cost or revalued amount of an asset is written off over its useful life without taking into account any residual value. Depreciation on additions to fixed assets or deletion is charged on pro-rata basis for the period of use during the year.

Amount equivalent to incremental depreciation charged on revalued assets is transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment net of deferred taxation to retained earnings (unappropriated profit).

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is material.

Disposal of assets is recognized when significant risks and rewards incidental to the ownership have been transferred to buyers. Gains and losses on disposal of operating fixed assets are taken to profit or loss account.

#### Impairment

Where the carrying amount of asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

#### Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance lease. Asset acquired by way of finance lease is stated at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged on the same basis as used for owned assets.

Financial charges are allocated to accounting period in a manner so as to provide a constant rate of charge on outstanding liability.

#### 3.8 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress and stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during construction and installation. Cost includes borrowing cost as referred in accounting policy of borrowing cost. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

#### 3.9 Investment in associates - Equity Method

Entities in which the Company has significant influence but not control and which are neither its subsidiaries nor joint ventures are associates and are accounted for by using the equity method of accounting. These investments are initially recognized at cost, thereafter the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the company's share of profit or loss of associates. Share of post acquisition profit and loss of associates is accounted for in the company's profit and loss account. Distribution received from investee, reduces the carrying amount of investment. The changes in the associate's equity which are not recognized in the associates' profit or loss account, are recognized directly in the equity of the Company.



#### 3.10 Financial assets and liabilities

#### Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flow represents solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on derecognition are recognized directly in profit or loss.

#### Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The nomenclature of the available for sale investments has been changed to fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss using fair value option, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Equity instrument financial assets are measured at fair value and subsequent to initial recognition changes in fair value of these financial assets are normally recognized in profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established. Where an election is made to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently remeasured to fair value, amortized cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. Assets or liabilities that are not contractual in nature and that are created as a result of statutory requirements imposed by the Government are not the financial instruments of the Company.

#### Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortized cost are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed on profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender or substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.11 Impairment

#### Financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets. The Company applies the simplified approach to recognize lifetime expected credit losses for trade debts, due from customers and contract assets. The Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.



#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense in the profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 3.12 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and only the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.13 Stores and spares

Stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

#### 3.14 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw material At weighted average cost or replacement cost whichever is lower

Work in process At average manufacturing cost

Finished goods At average manufacturing cost or net realizable value whichever is lower

Waste Net realizable value

Valuation of raw material, work in process and finished goods as on 30th June have been valued at lower of cost and net realizable value as per the requirement of IAS 2.

Raw material in transit is stated at invoice price plus other charges paid thereon upto the balance sheet date.

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods, consist of direct material and proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses.

#### 3.15 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing component in which case such are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the trade debts with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures the trade debts subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### 3.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, cash in transit and balances with bank for the purpose of cash flow statement.

#### 3.17 Revenue recognition

According to the core principles of IFRS-15, the company recognizes the revenue from sale when the company satisfies a performance obligation (at a point of time) by transferring promised goods to customers being when the goods are dispatched to customers. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is reduced for allowances such as taxes, duties, commission, sales returns and discounts.

Interest income is recognized on the basis of constant periodic rate of return.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established i.e. the book closure date of the investee company declaring the dividend.

Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through other comprehensive income' are included in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.



#### 3.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred on long term finances directly attributable for the construction / acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalized up to the date, the respective assets are available for the intended use. All other mark-up, interest and other related charges are taken to the profit or loss account currently.

#### 3.19 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences, if any, are taken to profit or loss account.

#### 3.20 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are priced at comparable uncontrolled market price. All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length using valuation modes, as admissible. Parties are said to be related when they meet the definition as provided in the Companies Act, 2017.

#### 3.21 Government grant

Government grants are transfers of resources to an entity by a government entity in return for compliance with certain past or future conditions related to the entity's operating activities - e.g. a government subsidy. The Company recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with conditions associated with grants. Government grants are recognized at fair value, as deferred income. Grants that compensate the Company for expenses incurred are amortized on a systematic basis in the income for the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate for the cost of an asset are recognized in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

#### 3.22 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the company. An operating segment is a component of the company that engages in the business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the company's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed by the CEO to make decision about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprises mainly corporate assets, income tax assets, liabilities and related income and expenditure. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment.

The business segments are engaged in providing products and services which are subject to risks and rewards which differ from the risk and reward of other segment.

#### 4 Capital management

The company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The board of directors monitors the return on capital and level of dividends to ordinary shareholders. The company seeks to keep a balance between the higher return that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year. Further the company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.



REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2024 Rupees 2023 Rupees 2,312,596,348 Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress 1,751,048,321 246.216.567

											2,558,812,915	1,751,048,321	•
5.1	Operating fixed assets												_
				COST / REVALUATIO	N			D	EPRECIATION			BOOK VALUE	1
	PARTICULARS	As at July 1, 2023	Additions / Adjustments		Addition/(deficit) due to surplus revaluation	Rate	As at July 1, 2023	For the year	Deletion/ Transfer	Addition due to surplus revaluation	As at June 30, 2024	As at June 30, 2024	

			COST / REVALUATION	ON .				DE	PRECIATION			BOOK VALUE
PARTICULARS	As at July 1, 2023	Additions / Adjustments	Deletion/ Transfer	Addition/(deficit) due to surplus revaluation	As at June 30, 2024	Rate	As at July 1, 2023	For the year	Deletion/ Transfer	Addition due to surplus revaluation	As at June 30, 2024	As at June 30, 2024
OWNED ASSETS												
Freehold land	323,830,000			112,095,000	435,925,000	0%	-					435,925,00
Building on free hold land	468,807,105			179,005,925	647,813,030	5%	269,299,685	9,975,371		106,636,374	385,911,430	261,901,60
Plant and machinery	1,488,538,410			648,544,295	2,137,082,705	5%	385,928,908	55,130,475		192,166,050	633,225,433	1,503,857,27
Generators	94,275,061			9,928,052	104,203,113	5%	39,465,057	2,740,500		4,444,643	46,650,200	57,552,91
Tools and equipment	47,992,842				47,992,842	5%	17,523,062	1,523,489			19,046,551	28,946,29
Tools	184,490,538				184,490,538	33%	165,146,590	6,383,503			171,530,093	12,960,44
Vehicles	30,363,311		(9,948,882)		20,414,429	20%	13,812,352	2,275,508	(3,395,886)		12,691,974	7,722,45
Furniture and fixtures	2,600,237				2,600,237	5%	1,544,963	52,764			1,597,727	1,002,51
Office equipment	4,771,255				4,771,255	5%	2,811,881	97,969			2,909,850	1,861,40
Laboratory equipment	6,028,249				6,028,249	5%	5,116,189	45,603			5,161,792	866,45
Total 2024	2.651.697.008		(9.948.882)	949.573.272	3.591.321.398		900.648.687	78,225,182	(3.395.886)	303,247,067	1.278.725.050	2.312.596.34

			COST / REVALUATION	ON				DE	EPRECIATION			BOOK VALUE
PARTICULARS	As at July 1, 2022	Additions / Adjustments	Deletion/ Transfer	Addition/(deficit) due to surplus revaluation	As at June 30, 2023	Rate	As at July 1, 2022	For the year	Deletion/ Transfer	Addition due to surplus revaluation	As at June 30, 2023	As at June 30, 2023
OWNED ASSETS												
Freehold land	323,830,000				323,830,000	0%	-	•				323,830,000
Building on free hold land	435,051,170	33,755,935			468,807,105	5%	260,427,870	8,871,815			269,299,685	199,507,420
Plant and machinery	1,382,954,958	105,583,452			1,488,538,410	5%	332,527,682	53,401,226			385,928,908	1,102,609,502
Generators	91,183,552	3,091,509			94,275,061	5%	36,666,270	2,798,787			39,465,057	54,810,004
Tools and equipment	41,037,615	6,955,227			47,992,842	5%	16,090,116	1,432,946			17,523,062	30,469,780
Tools	184,490,538				184,490,538	33%	155,618,974	9,527,616			165,146,590	19,343,948
Vehicles	30,363,311				30,363,311	20%	9,674,612	4,137,740			13,812,352	16,550,959
Furniture and fixtures	2,343,237	257,000			2,600,237	5%	1,498,440	46,523			1,544,963	1,055,274
Office equipment	4,771,255				4,771,255	5%	2,708,756	103,125			2,811,881	1,959,374
Laboratory equipment	6,028,249				6,028,249	5%	5,068,186	48,003			5,116,189	912,060
Total 2023	2,502,053,885	149,643,123	-		2,651,697,008		820,280,906	80,367,781	-		900,648,687	1,751,048,321

5.2	Depreciation has been allocated as follows:	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
	Cost of sales	25	75,753,338	76,032,390
	Administrative expenses	27	2,471,844	4,335,391
		=	78,225,182	80,367,781
5.3	Capital work in progress	_		
	Solar System	5.3.1	246,216,567	
			246,216,567	

This amount relates to purchase of solar system being installed in factory premises.

3.3.1	This amount retates to purchase or solar system
5.4	Disposal of property, plant and equipment

	Particulars	Name of buyer	City	Mode of disposal	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceeds	(Gain)/Loss	Relation
							Rupees			
KIA	Carnival	Mr. Ali Ahsan	Lahore	Negotiation	9,948,882	3,395,886	6,552,996	13,100,000	(6,547,004)	N/A
				-	9,948,882	3,395,886	6,552,996	13,100,000	(6,547,004)	•

<sup>5.5</sup> The company had its land freehold / leasehold, buildings on freehold land and plant and machinery revalued. Revaluation of the assets was carried out by the independent valuers. \* Engineering Pakistan Int'l (Pct.) Limited \* on June 30, 2024. The value is assessed on the basis of professional knowledge, present market conditions and available records. Freehold / leasehold land, building on freehold land, and plant and machinery was revalued at market value. The company has incorporated a revaluation surplus of Rs. 646,326,205 on revaluation of above assets on the basis of said valuation report. The accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

5.6 Forced sale value of land freehold / leasehold, buildings on freehold land and plant and machinery of the company as per revaluation report is as follows:

370,536,250 209,521,280 1,171,057,639 Building and Civil Works Plant and Machinery 1,751,115,169

5.7 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of Company are as follows:

Description	Usage of immoveable property	Total Area (in acres)	Total area (in sq ft.)
Area of Land	Production facility	31.1	1,356,349
Covered Area (Factory)	Production facility	6.2	269,883

5.7.1 Land and Building is located at 3-km, Rawat-Kallar Seydan Road, P.O Sagri, Rawat, Rawalpindi, District Rawalpindi in the Province of Punjab



REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			2024	2023
6	Long Term Investments	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI:			
	Oil & Gas Development Company Limited-OGDC	6.1	67,685	39,000
5.1	This represents the investment in 500 (June 30, 2023 : 500) ordinary shares of 135.37 (June 30, 2023 : Rs. $78.00$ ) per share.	f Rs. 10 each in OGDCL	. The market value as at .	June 30, 2024 is R
			2024	2023
7	LONG TERM DEPOSITS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Deposits :			
	WAPDA		2,620,940	2,620,94
	SNGPL Others		16,970,439 90,500	9,310,439 90,500
	Called	-	19,681,879	12,021,879
3	STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS	-	17,001,077	12,021,07
	Stores	8.1	471,913,392	753,049,873
	Spares parts	0.1	10,185,506	7,015,629
	Packing material		1,973,398	1,172,86
	Loose tools		18,211	18,040
		-	484,090,507	761,256,409
.1	Stores include plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 426,716,929 (2023: 718,	773,790) which are held	d for capitalization.	
3.2	No item of stores, spares and loose tools is pledged as security as at reporting	date.		
9	STOCK IN TRADE			
	Raw material		982,060	2,350,78
	Work in process		3,987,125	2,811,08
	Finished goods	9.1	50,579,030	177,528,488
		-	55,548,215	182,690,355
.1	These include waste stock measured at net realizable value amounting to Rs.	2,186,941 (June 30, 20	23 : Rs. 991,331).	
.2	No item of stock in trade is pledged as security as at reporting date.		2024	2023
10	TRADE DEBTS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Local-Unsecured			
	Considered good		289,931,803	156,961,716
	Considered doubtful	<u>.</u>	13,321,309	15,045,785
		40.4	303,253,112	172,007,501
	Less: Allowance for ECL on trade debts	10.1	(16,770,261)	(15,045,785
		_	286,482,851	156,961,716
		-		
0.1	Allowance for ECL on trade debts	_	15 045 <b>7</b> 95	14 425 129
0.1	Opening balance		15,045,785 1.724,476	
0.1			15,045,785 1,724,476 -	620,647 -
).1	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year			620,647 -
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered	- -	1,724,476	620,647 -
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Unsecured	=	1,724,476	620,647 -
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to:	-	1,724,476	620,647 - 15,045,785
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to: Suppliers (Considered good)	-	1,724,476	620,647 - 15,045,785 42,137,225
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to:	11.1	1,724,476	620,647 - 15,045,785 42,137,225 4,493,684
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to: Suppliers (Considered good) Suppliers (Considered doubtful)	11.1	1,724,476 - 16,770,261 30,484,451 6,949,975	620,647 - 15,045,785 42,137,225 4,493,684 3,584,736
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to: Suppliers (Considered good) Suppliers (Considered doubtful) Employees (Considered good)	11.1	1,724,476 	42,137,225 4,493,684 3,584,736 5,266,947
	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to: Suppliers (Considered good) Suppliers (Considered doubtful) Employees (Considered good) Employees (Considered doubtful) Interest receivable	-	1,724,476 16,770,261 30,484,451 6,949,975 3,754,736 5,266,941 175,484 46,631,587	42,137,225 4,493,684 3,584,736 5,266,941
0.1	Opening balance Allowance for ECL during the year Allowance no longer required/recovered Closing balance  LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES  Unsecured Advances to: Suppliers (Considered good) Suppliers (Considered doubtful) Employees (Considered good) Employees (Considered doubtful)	11.1	1,724,476 	14,425,138 620,647 - 15,045,785 42,137,225 4,493,684 3,584,736 5,266,941 - 55,482,586 (9,760,625



			2024	2023
11.2	Allowance for ECL on loans and advances	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Opening balance		9,760,625	9,760,625
	Allowance for ECL during the year		2,456,291	-
	Allowance no longer required/recovered	_		
	Closing balance	_	12,216,916	9,760,625
		Maka	2024	2023
12	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Term deposits	12.1	130,000,000	-
12,1	Bank Name	_		
12.1	MCB Bank Limited		120,000,000	-
	Faysal Bank Limited	_	10,000,000	-
		_	130,000,000	-
12.2	These represent term deposits with MCB Bank Limited and Faysal Ban	k Limited having maturity p	period of one month and	carry interest rate
	15.43% to 17% per annum.			
			2024	2023
13	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Short term prepayments		77,599	141,608
		_	77,599	141,608
14	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT	_		
	Sales tax refundable		64,249,796	186,352,985
	Advance income tax	14.1	29,153,746	37,172,594
		_	93,403,542	223,525,579
14.1	Advance income tax	_		
	Opening balance		37,172,594	29,873,957
	Add: Deducted during the year		20,866,381	23,370,452
		_	58,038,975	53,244,409
	Adjusted against provision for the year		(28,885,229)	(16,071,815)
	Closing balance	_	29,153,746	37,172,594
		_	2024	2023
15	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Cash in hand		1,373,006	834,650
	Cash with banks in :			
	- Current accounts	Γ	74,798,781	35,837,250
	- Saving accounts	15.1	60,648,898	11,870,983
		L	135,447,679	47,708,233
			136,820,685	48,542,883
	It comics note of notions are size for an 4.77 % to 20 FO % (loss 20, 2022).	F 0/ + - 20 F 0/)		

15.1 It carries rate of return ranging from 6.77 % to 20.50 % (June 30, 2023 : 4.5 % to 20.5 %) per annum.



# REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

2024

#### 16 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL

		Number of share	S		Rupees	Rupees
		49,292,600	49,292,600	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash	492,926,000	492,926,000
16.1		rs are entitled to i		utions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares	as and when declared by the co	mpany. All shares carry
					2024	2023
					Rupees	Rupees
17	SURPLUS ON RE	VALUATION OF P	ROPERTY, PLANT	AND EQUIPMENT - NET OF TAX		
	Opening balanc	ce - gross			414,320,124	420,201,118
	Add:	Surplus arised du	ring the year-net		491,399,156	-
		Prior year impair	ment loss reversed	l .		-
		Related deferred	tax liability		154,927,049	-
					646,326,205	-
	Less:	Disposal of fixed	assets		-	-
		Related deferred	tax liability		-	-
	Less:	Transferred to en	uity in respect of:		- ·	-
			eciation on revalu		3,966,731	4,175,506
		Related deferred			1,620,214	1,705,488
					5,586,945	5,880,994

2024

1,055,059,384

32,355,810

(1,620,214)

185,662,645

154,927,049

2023

414,320,124

34,061,298

(1,705,488)

32,355,810

Closing balance - net of tax 869,396,739 381,964,314

17.1 The Free hold land, building on free hold land, plant and machinery and generators have been revalued on June 30, 2024 resulting in a surplus of Rs. 646,326,205. The revaluation was conducted by an

#### Basis of revaluation:

Closing balance - gross

Less:

Free hold land Market value
Building on free hold land Replacement cost
Plant and machinery Replacement cost
Generators Replacement cost

independent valuer M/s Engineering Pakistan International (Pvt) Limited.

Related deferred tax liability

Effect of change in tax rate Amount transferred due to disposal

Revaluation at the beginning of the year

Related deferred tax liability on addition to surplus

Amount realized during the year on account of incremental depreciation

Had there been no revaluation, the net book value of these assets would have amounted to:

		2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Free hold land		21,081,636	21,081,636
Building on free hold land		105,303,338	110,845,619
Plant and machinery		1,027,752,639	1,081,844,883
Generators		50,039,788	52,664,664
		1,204,177,401	1,266,436,802
		2024	2023
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
18 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS - GRATUITY			
Present value of defined benefit obligation - at the beginning of the year		20,749,230	18,507,037
Charged to profit or loss account	18.4	10,587,690	8,161,052
Charged to other comprehensive income	18.5	6,542,443	669,796
		37,879,363	27,337,885
Benefits paid during the year		(9,914,677)	(6,588,655)
Present value of defined benefit obligation - at the end of the year		27,964,686	20,749,230
40.4. Constal description			

#### 18.1 General description

The scheme provides for termination benefits for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period at varying percentages of last drawn gross salary. The percentage depends on the number of service years with the company. Annual charge is based on actuarial valuation carried out as at June 30, 2024 using Projected Unit Credit Method.



Principal actuarial assumptions used in the valuation:	2023 % 16.25% 15.25% Years 8 2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47	% 14.75%				18.2
Discount rate   1,47%   1,47	16.25% 15.25% Years 8 2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47	14.75%			Following are a few important actuarial assumptions used in the valuation:	
Discount rate   Discount rat	16.25% 15.25% Years 8 2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47	14.75%				
Expected rate of increase in salary   17/8   18.2	15.25% Years 8 2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47					
Novement in present value of defined benefit obligation   Note	Years 8 2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47					
Nowment in present value of defined benefit coligation	8 2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47	13.73%			Expected rate of increase in salary	
Nowment in present value of defined benefit obligation   Note   Rupes	2023 Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47	Years				
Present value of defined benefit obligation - Opening balance	Rupees 18,507,03 6,115,47	5			Average expected remaining working life time of the employees	
Present value of defined benefit obligation - Opening balance	18,507,03 6,115,47	2024			Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation	18.3
Current service cost   \$2,50,107   \$2,50	6,115,47			Note	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Current service cost   \$2,50,107   \$2,50		20,749,230			Present value of defined benefit obligation - Opening balance	
Renefits paid during the period   Reneasurement loss/ gain) arising during the year   6,54,44     1.   Current service cost   8,24,54     Interest cost   1,25,4,7     Interest cost   1,25,4,7     Interest cost   1,25,4,7     Interest cost   1,25,4,7     Expenses recognized in other comprehensive income   1,25,4,7     Expenses recognized in other comprehensive income   1,25,4,7     Expenses recognized in other comprehensive income   1,25,54,7     Cost of goods manufactured   1,25,54,7     Cos		8,024,583				
Remeaurement toss/ gainy arising during theyar   Cosing blance   Cosing bla	2,045,57	2,563,107			Interest cost	
Closing balance   Carrent service cost   Current service cost   Cu	(6,588,65					
Current service cost   1,0,587,050   1,0,	669,79		_		Remeasurement loss/ (gain) arising during the year	
Current service cost Interest cost   5,024,558   7,058,107     Remeasurement in the year   6,034,034   7,058,107     Remeasurement in the year   6,034,034   7,035,036   7,0	20,749,23	27,964,686	_		Closing balance	
Interest cost					4 Charge for the year	18.4
Interest cost	6,115,47	8 024 583			Current service cost	
18.5   Expense recognized in other comprehensive income	2,045,57					
Expenses recognized in other comprehensive income			_		interest cost	
Remeasurement in the year  Cot of goods manufactured  Cot of goods manufact	8,161,05	10,587,690	=		E. Francisco vecasioned in ather community in com-	10 E
18.6 Gratuity expenses have been allocated as follows  Cost of goods manufactured  10.587,690  10.587,690  11.70	//C 7C	4 542 442			·	10.3
Cost of goods manufactured  10.587,690  11.7	669,79	0,342,443	-		remeasurement in the year	
18.7 Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumption  The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes both defined benefit obligation is the end of assumption summarizes between the defined benefit obligation at the end of assumption picture rate (1964,30) are summarized for finerase in future salaries  10						18.6
18.7 Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumption The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumption by 100 basis point.    Discount rate	8,161,05	10,587,690	_		Cost of goods manufactured	
The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumption by 100 basis point.    Comparison	8,161,05	10,587,690	_			
The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumption by 100 basis point.    Increase in assumption   Property   Provision for doubfful debts / agrees   Prosent value of defined senefits obligation   Property plant and equipment   Provision for doubfful debts / agrees   Prosent value of defined benefits obligation   Property plant and equipment   Provision for doubful debts / agrees   Prosent value of defined benefits obligation   Property plant and equipment   Provision for doubful debts / agrees   Prosent value of defined benefits obligation   Property plant and equipment   Provision for doubful debts / agrees   Provision for doubful debts / advances   Provision for doubful debts / agrees   Provision for doubful debts / advances   Provision for Degree					7 Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumption	18.7
have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumption by 100 basis point.  By Count rate (96,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (996,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (996,430)  18.8 Historical information  Present value of defined benefits obligation 20,749,230 2022 Rupees Rupees Rupees Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (669,796 3,803,050 4,325,365)  18.9 Expertence adjustments on plan liabilities (669,796 3,803,050 4,325,365)  18.9 Expected gratuity expenses for the year ended June 30, 2025 works out Rs. 11,721,319  19 DEFERRED TAXATION Note Rupees  Add: Provided on surplus during the year  Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change  Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements (1,897,304)  Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements (1,897,304)  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are sollows:  Accelerated tax depreciation 16,196,264,264,264,264,264,264,264,264,264,26	the reporting period way	abligation at the end of the	how the defined benefit	v information summarizos		
Discount rate (96,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (96,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (10,49,490)  18.	the reporting period wou	obligation at the end of the	now the defined benefit	v illioillacion sullinarizes		
Discount rate (996,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (996,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (996,430) Expected rate of increase in future salaries (996,430)    National Information	Decrease in	Increase in				
Expected rate of increase in future salaries    1,049,996     18.8   Historical information   2023   2021   Rupees   Rup	assumption					
Historical information    2023   Rupees	1,049,99	(996,430)			Discount rate	
Present value of defined benefits obligation 20,749,230 18,507,037 11,210,705  Experience adjustments on plan liabilities 669,79 3,803,050 4,325,365  18.9 Expected gratuity expenses for the year ended June 30, 2025 works out Rs. 11,721,319  19 DEFERRED TAXATION 2024  Add: Provided on surplus during the year  Add: Provided on surplus during the year fue to rate change  Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change  Add / (less): Provided / (reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment  Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment  Staff retirement benefits - gratuity  Provision for doubtful debts / advances  1urnover tax carried forward  1urnover tax carried forward	(1,013,64	1,049,996			Expected rate of increase in future salaries	
Present value of defined benefits obligation 20,749,230 18,507,037 11,210,705 20,749,230 18,507,037 11,210,705 20,749,230 18,507,037 11,210,705 20,749,230					B Historical information	18.8
Present value of defined benefits obligation  Experience adjustments on plan liabilities  PEXPERIENTALIAN  POPERIENTALIAN  Note  Rupees  Opening balance  Add: Provided on surplus during the year  Add: Provided on surplus during the year due to rate change  Add: Provided on surplus during the year due to rate change  Add: (less): Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Less: Reversed on surplus during the year in profit and loss account  Less: Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Add: (less): Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Add: (less): Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Add: (less): Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Add: (less): Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account  Add: (less): Provided on surplus during the year  Add: (less):	2020					
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities 669,796 3,803,050 4,325,365  18.9 Expected gratuity expenses for the year ended June 30, 2025 works out Rs. 11,721,319  19 DEFERRED TAXATION 2024  Note Rupees Opening balance  Add: Provided on surplus during the year	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
18.9 Expected gratuity expenses for the year ended June 30, 2025 works out Rs. 11,721,319  19 DEFERRED TAXATION Rupees  Opening balance Add: Provided on surplus during the year Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change Add / (less): Provided / (reversed) during the year in profit and loss account Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	5,303,81	11,210,705	18,507,037	20,749,230	Present value of defined benefits obligation	
19 DEFERRED TAXATION  Note  Note  Opening balance  Add: Provided on surplus during the year Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change  Add / (less): Provided /(reversed) during the year in profit and loss account Less: Charged throug/ tother comprehensive income due to remeasurements  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances Turnover tax carried forward  10,2024 Rupes Rupes  154,927,049 16,1927,008 16,1927,008 16,1927,009 16,192	(2,140,52	4,325,365	3,803,050	669,796	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	
19DEFERRED TAXATION2024NoteRupeesOpening balance-Add: Provided on surplus during the year-Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change154,927,049Less: Reversed on surplus during the year in profit and loss account(71,052,008)Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements(1,897,309)Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:31,977,732Accelerated tax depreciation161,982,168Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment185,662,645Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment(8,109,759)Staff retirement benefits - gratuity(8,109,759)Provision for doubtful debts / advances(8,406,282)Turnover tax carried forward(15,619,926)					Expected gratuity expenses for the year ended June 30, 2025 works out Rs. 11,721,319	18.9
Note Rupes Opening balance Add: Provided on surplus during the year Add: Provided on surplus during the year Add: Provided on surplus during the year due to rate change Add / (tess): Provided //reversed) during the year in profit and loss account Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	2023	2024			DEFEDRED TAYATION	10
Opening balance  Add: Provided on surplus during the year Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change  Add / (less): Provided / (reversed) during the year in profit and loss account Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Surglus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances  (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward  (15,619,926)	Rupees			Note	DEI EINED TAXATION	17
Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change  Add / (less): Provided / (reversed) during the year in profit and loss account Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Accelerated tax depreciation of property, plant and equipment Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances  (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward  (15,619,926)					Opening balance	
Add / (less): Provided / (reversed) during the year in profit and loss account Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  1,897,309)  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Surplus on revaluation of property plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity (8,109,759) Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward  (15,619,926)	-	154,927,049			Add: Provided on surplus during the year	
Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements  (1,897,309)  81,977,732  Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward  (15,619,926)	-	-			Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to rate change	
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation 161,982,168 Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 185,662,645 Surplus (reversed) / arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment 2 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity (8,109,759) Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	194,24					
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to taxable / (deductible) temporary differences are as follows:  Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	(194,24	(1,897,309)			Less: Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements	
Accelerated tax depreciation 161,982,168 Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment 185,662,645 Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment 5 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity (8,109,759) Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	-	81,977,732	_			
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment  Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment  Staff retirement benefits - gratuity  Provision for doubtful debts / advances  Turnover tax carried forward  185,62,645  6,8109,759)  6,8109,759)  6,8406,282)  11,5619,926)				s follows:		
Surplus (reversed)/arised due to revaluation of property plant and equipment - Staff retirement benefits - gratuity (8,109,759) Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	146,118,70					
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity (8,109,759) Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	32,355,81	185,662,645				
Provision for doubtful debts / advances (8,406,282) Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	(6,017,27	(8 109 759)				
Turnover tax carried forward (15,619,926)	(7,193,85					
Brought forward tax losses and minimum tax (233,531,114)	(45,585,00					
	(284,036,72	(233,531,114)			Brought forward tax losses and minimum tax	
81,977,732	(164,358,34	81.977.732	_			
					Tay yata usad	
Tax rate used 29%	29%	29%	_		lax late used	
During the year net deferred tax liability amounting to Rs. 25.554 million (2023: Rs.164,358,347 asset which was not recognised) has been recognized. because it is probab will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilized.	that future taxable pro	ed. because it is probable that	nised) has been recogniz	asset which was not recog		
					will be available against which the unused tax tosses and unused tax credits can be utilized.	
2024 20 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Note Rupees	2023 Rupees			Note	TRADE AND OTHER PAYARIES	20
•	•	•		Note		20
Creditors 114,289,075	72,482,74					
Accrued liabilities         62,669,985           Advances from customers         20.1         4,548,884	58,866,85			20.1		
Advances from customers 20.1 4,348,884 Withholding tax payable 15,774,887	770 740 75			20.1		
GIDC Payable 20.2 16,248,160	238,219,25 15,296,04			20.2		
Workers' profit participation fund	238,219,25 15,296,04 16,248,16	0.470.447		20.3	Workers' profit participation fund	
Workers' profit participation fund 20.3 9,170,417	15,296,04 16,248,16 4,993,43	9,170,417		20.3		
Workers' profit participation fund 20.3 9,170,417 Workers' welfare fund	15,296,04 16,248,16	9,170,417		20.3		



Advance received from customer is recognized as revenue when the performance obligation in accordance with the policy is satisfied. Revenue for an amount of Rs.12,663,502 (2023: 4,170,377) has been recognized in current year in respect of advances from customer at the beginning of period and during the year advance amounting to Rs. 225,555,751 adjusted against sale of store items.

20.2	GIDC Payable - Movement in liability recognized in the balance sheet		2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
	Balance at beginning of the year		16,248,160	16,267,150
	Accrued for the year		-	-
	Paid during the year	_	<u> </u>	(18,990)
	Balance at the end of the year	-	16,248,160	16,248,160
20.2.1	The Company has filed petition W.P.No. 42168 of 2020. Through this petition Lahore High Court, Lahore. It is anticipated that this case would be decided case.			
20.3	Workers' profit participation fund			
	Opening balance		4,993,430	1,887,485
	Add: Interest on funds utilized in the company's business	20.3.1	934,256	382,027
		<del>-</del>	5,927,686	2,269,512
	Less: Payment during the year		(5,927,686)	(2,269,512)
	Allocation for the year	_	9,170,417	4,993,430
		_	9,170,417	4,993,430
20.3.1	Interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund has been provided @ 21.07% (30	June 2023: 22.38%) per annum.		
21	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS FROM ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS			
	Unsecured - from related parties			
	Redco Pakistan Limited	21.1	765,591,738	742,281,185
	Royal Holdings (Private) Limited	21.1	106,109,465	106,109,465

These are unsecured and interest free loans payable to associated undertakings. Out of the above balance amount of Rs. 414.766 million (June 30, 2023: Rs. 414.766 million) have been subordinated 21.1 to Bank Alfalah Limited. These loans were acquired to meet the working capital requirements of the Company.

871,701,203

848,390,650

SHORT TERM BORROWINGS FROM DIRECTORS AND OTHERS		2024	2023
Unsecured - from directors and sponsors	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Sponsor			
Saif-ur-Rehman Khan	22.1	1,588,598,670	1,598,652,976
Mrs. Taufiqa Amanullah Khan	22.1	3,600,000	3,600,000
Chief Executive			
Mrs. Sarah Muhammad Saya	22.2	66,074,470	66,074,470
Directors			
Ahsan-ur- Rehman Khan	22.2	3,525,031	3,525,031
		1,661,798,171	1,671,852,477
Directors loan transferred to Equity	22.2	(69,599,501)	(69,599,501)
Closing Balance		1,592,198,670	1,602,252,976
· ·	22.2		

- 22.1 These are unsecured and interest free loans payable to the directors, chief executive and sponsors. Out of above balance amount of Rs. 247.150 million (June 30, 2023: Rs. 247.150 million) have been subordinated to Bank Alfalah Limited. These loans are repayable at the discretion of the sponsor and provided to meet capital expenditure and working capital requirements of the Company.
- 22.2 At July 1st, 2019, the company has revised the terms of old director's loan. As per terms of new agreement, out of total existing loan, and amount of Rs. 69.60 million shall be repayable only at the discretion of the Company. Therefore, this amount is accounted for in accordance with the Technical Release-32' and is classified under equity.

#### CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS 23

#### 23.1 CONTINGENCIES

22

- The company has availed the facility for issuance of performance guarantees (LG) (Existing) from Bank Alfalah Limited amounting to Rs. 26,940,753 (June 30, 2023: Rs. 26,940,753). This facility is 23.1.1 secured against counter guarantee of the company and carry commission of 0.40% per quarter (June 30, 2023: 0.40% per quarter) maximum tenor: performance bond revolving.
- 23.1.2 The company has availed the facility for issuance of Standby Letter of Credit (SBLC) from Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 21.40 million (June 30, 2023: 21.40 million). This facility carry commission of 1% (June 30, 2023: 1%) per annum (maximum tenor: performance bond revolving).
- 23.1.3 The company has filed a writ petition (W.P. No. 3970/2023) challenging an SECP investigation order from March 24, 2021, and a show cause notice from December 17, 2019, under Section 257 of the Companies Act, 2017. The Islamabad High Court issued notices and granted status quo orders in favor of the company on December 14 and December 22, 2023. The next hearing is scheduled for October 14, 2024.
- In addition to above mentioned litigations there is litigation which is disclosed in note 20.2.1

#### 23.2 COMMITMENTS

Outstanding commitments related to letter of credit at the end of the year equivalent to Pak Rs. 17.05 million (June 30, 2023: Rs. Nil) for purchase of spare parts.

			2024	2023
24	SALES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Local			
	- Yarn		-	-
	- Fabric		1,822,646,889	1,020,936,826
			1,822,646,889	1,020,936,826
	Waste sale		8,260,578	8,871,411
			1,830,907,467	1,029,808,237
	Sales tax		(358,207,190)	(158,022,233)
	Commission		(2,528,183)	(822,527)
			1,470,172,094	870,963,477



			2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
25	COST OF SALES			
	Raw material consumed  Packing material consumed	25.1 25.2	11,743,893 8,267,687	6,912,330 7,024,527
	Stores and spare parts and loose tools consumed	25.3	97,297,061	77,491,770
	Fuel and power		678,760,613	500,167,574
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	25.4	307,827,227	248,649,553
	Repairs and maintenance		2,307,068	876,058
	Depreciation Other expenses	5.2	75,753,338	76,032,390
	Ottler expenses		9,651,507	8,777,354 <b>925,931,556</b>
	Work in process:		1,171,000,374	723,731,330
	Opening		2,811,081	3,634,562
	Closing		(3,987,125)	(2,811,081)
			(1,176,044)	823,481
	Cost of goods manufactured		1,190,432,350	926,755,037
	Finished goods:			
	Opening		177,528,488	71,956,912
	Purchases during the year Closing		47,329,466 (50,579,030)	(177,528,488)
			174,278,924	(105,571,576)
			1,364,711,274	821,183,461
25.4	Raw material consumed		1,304,711,274	021,103,401
25.1			2 252 704	000 704
	Opening Add: Purchases during the year		2,350,786 10,375,167	900,701 8,362,415
	, add i dichases damig the year		12,725,953	9,263,116
	Closing stock		(982,060)	(2,350,786)
	•		11,743,893	6,912,330
			, ,,,,,,,	.,,
25.2	Packing material consumed			
	Opening stock		1,172,867	433,752
	Add: Purchases during the year		9,068,218	7,763,642
	Closing stock		10,241,085	8,197,394
	Closing Stock		(1,973,398)	(1,172,867)
			8,267,687	7,024,527
25.3	Store, spare parts and loose tools consumed	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
20.0				
	Opening stock Add: Purchases during the year		760,083,542 111,387,488	49,014,690 788,560,622
	Less: Sold during the year		(292,056,860)	-
			579,414,170	837,575,312
	Closing stock		(482,117,109)	(760,083,542)
			97,297,061	77,491,770
25.4	Salaries, wages and other benefits includes Rs.10,587,690 (June 30, 2023: Rs.	8,161,052) in respect of staff retirement benefits - gratuity.		
			2024	2023
26	DISTRIBUTION COST	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Salaries and other benefits		2,301,394	539,899
	Freight charges		29,000	-
			2,330,394	539,899
27	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Salaries and other benefits	35	16,562,622	15,704,362
	Traveling and conveyance		141,100	135,960
	Entertainment		244,859	244,974
	Communication Printing and stationery		632,000 277,519	460,543 211,290
	Vehicle running and maintenance		6,300	-
	Repair and maintenance		202,556	48,570
	Depreciation	5.2	2,471,844	4,335,391
	Others		3,707,547	3,902,336
			24,246,347	25,043,426
28	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Legal and professional		3,734,473	3,470,887
	Auditors' remuneration	28.1	815,850	697,000
	Allowance for ECL on trade debt		1,724,476	620,647
	Provision for doubtful loans and advances Workers' Profit Participation Fund		2,456,291 9,170,417	- 4,993,430
			17,901,507	9,781,964
			17,701,307	7,701,704



			2024	2023
28.1	Auditors' remuneration	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Annual statutory audit		714,000	600,000
	Half yearly review		101,850	97,000
			815,850	697,000
			2024	2023
29	OTHER INCOME	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Income From financial assets:			
	Profit on bank deposits		10,706,935	780,376
	Gain on sale of Assets		100,444,428	-
	Liability written off		456,114	79,533,390
	Amortization of deferred govt grant		- [	1,174,697
			111,607,477	81,488,463
			111,607,477	81,488,463
			2024	2023
30	FINANCE COST	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Mark up / interest on :			
	Long term borrowings		_	90,892
	Workers' profit participation fund		934,256	382,027
	Bank charges and commission		1,742,680	1,319,151
	<b>.</b>		2,676,936	1,792,070
			2,070,750	1,772,070
31	Levies		2024	2023
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Levies-Minimum Tax	32.1	28,885,229	15,998,890
			28,885,229	15,998,890
			2024	2023
32	INCOME TAX EXPENSE	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Current			
	For the year			_
	For prior year			72,925 72,925
	Deferred		•	72,925
	Current year		(71,052,008)	194,241
	carrent year			
			(71,052,008)	267,166
32.1	Provision for current tax for the year has been made in accordance with stages.	ection 113 / 113 C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Income tax as	sessment of company has been	finalized upto tax year
32.2	Numerical reconciliation between average tax rate and applicable tax rate	is not presented as current tax liability is calculated under Sec 113.		
			2024	2023
33	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Profit for the year		212.070.902	77 945 044

33	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Profit for the year		212,079,892	77,845,064
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year		Numbers 49,292,600	Numbers 49,292,600
			Rupees	Rupees
	Earnings per share - basic		4.302	1.579

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the company.

#### 34 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

34.1 The related parties and associated undertakings of the company comprise of associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties and associated undertakings involve inter company fund transfer and loan received to meet working capital requirements. The company's aggregate transactions with the associated companies are as follows:

	Name of the Company	Basis of relationship	Percentage of shareholding		
	Redco Pakistan Limited	Common Directorship	N/A		
	Royal Holdings (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	N/A		
	Name	Basis of relationship	Percentage of shareholding		
	Saif Ur Rehman Khan	Sponsor	17%		
	Sarah Muhammad Saya	Chief Executive	33%		
				2024	2023
	Associated companies	Nature of transactions		Rupees	Rupees
	Redco Pakistan Limited	Inter company advance / loan - receipts	s	27,670,275	83,291,208
	Redco Pakistan Limited	Inter company advance / loan - paymer	t	4,359,722	4,896,475
34.2	There is no share holding in associated companies	and relationship is based on common dire	ctorship.		
	Related parties	Nature of transactions			
	Saif Ur Rehman Khan	Borrowing from major share holder - re-	ceipts	-	703,762,500
	Saif Ur Rehman Khan	Borrowing from major share holder - pa	yment	10,054,306	3,061,187
34 3	There are no transactions with key management pe	ersonnel other than under their terms of e	mployment as disclosed in note 35.		



#### 35 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amounts charged in the accounts for the remuneration, including benefits applicable to the chief executive, directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

	2024			2023			
	Chief executive	Directors	Executives	Chief executive	Directors	Executives	
		Rupees			Rupees		
Managerial Remuneration	3,655,632	-	20,092,300	3,655,632		17,096,390	
	3,655,632		20,092,300	3,655,632	-	17,096,390	
Number of Persons paid	1		7	1	<u> </u>	7	

35.1 Other than one Director / Chief executive, company has not paid any fee or remuneration to executive / non executive directors of the company (June 30, 2023 : Rs. Nil).

REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 36 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- 36.1 Credit risk
- 36.2 Liquidity risk
- 36.3 Market risk

The board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of company's risk management framework. The board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the company's risk management policies.

#### 36.1 Credit risk

#### 36.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the trade debts, loans and advances, trade deposits and short term prepayments, Short term Investment and cash and bank balances. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 576.808 million (June 30, 2023 :Rs. 221.150 million), financial assets which are subject to credit risk aggregate to Rs. 439.987 million (June 30, 2023 :Rs. 172.607 million). The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

The carrying amount of financial assets, excluding cash in hand, represents maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is:

		2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
	Long term deposits	19,681,879	12,021,879
	Long term investments	67,685	39,000
	Trade debts	286,482,851	156,961,716
	Loan and advances	3,754,736	3,584,736
	Short term investments	130,000,000	-
	Cash and bank balances	136,820,685	48,542,883
		576,807,836	221,150,214
36.1.2	The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the statement of financial position date by geographical region is as follows.		
		2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	Domestic	303,253,112	172,007,501
	Export	-	-
		303,253,112	172,007,501
	Impairment	(16,770,261)	(15,045,785)
		286,482,851	156,961,716
36.1.3	The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the balance sheet date by type of customer is as follows.		
		2024	2023
		Rupees	Rupees
	Yarn	3,150,122	3,150,122
	Fabric	296,135,826	164,717,835
	Waste	3,967,164	4,139,544
		303,253,112	172,007,501
	Impairment	(16,770,261)	(15,045,785)
		286,482,851	156,961,716
36.1.4	The aging of trade debtors at the balance sheet date is as follows.		
		Gross de	btors
		2024	2023
		Rupe	es .
	Not past due	65,818,781	28,051,284
	Past due 0-30 days	58,816,538	32,577,821
	Past due 31-90 days	104,778,555	90,732,148
	Past due 90 days - 1 year	60,472,179	1,333,626
	More than one year	13,367,060	19,312,623
		303,253,112	172,007,501
	Impairment	(16,770,261)	(15,045,785)
		286,482,851	156,961,716

#### 36.2 Liquidity risk

Non - derivative Financial liabilities Long term financing from banking companies Accrued Mark up / interest Trade and Other Payables Short term borrowings: from associated undertaking from directors and others

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to two year	Two to five years	More than five years		
Rupees								
_	_	_		_				
-								
218,152,524	218,152,524	218,152,524	-	-	-			
871,701,203	871,701,203	871,701,203	-	-	_			
1,661,798,171	1,661,798,171	1,661,798,171	-	-	-			
	2,751,651,898	2,751,651,898						

2024



				2023			
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash flows	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to two year	Two to five years	More than five years
	, anounc	cusii itoiis	01 1033	Rupees		years	e years
Non - derivative Financial liabilities							
Long term financing from banking companies Accrued Mark up / interest	-		-	-	-	-	-
Trade and Other Payables	168,343,351	168,343,351	168,343,351		-	-	-
Short term borrowings: from associated undertaking	848,390,650	848,390,650	848,390,650	-	-	-	
from directors and others	1,671,852,477	1,671,852,477	1,671,852,477	-	-	-	-
	2,688,586,478	2,688,586,478	2,688,586,478	-	-	-	-

36.2.1 The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark up rates effective as at June 30. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements.

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities, and liquidity in the market. The company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

#### 36.3.1 Currency risk

The company is exposed to currency risk on trade debts, borrowing and import of raw material and stores that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency of the

#### 36.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposures arises from short and long term borrowings from bank and term deposits and deposits in PLS saving accounts with banks. At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the company's interest bearing financial instrument is as follows:

	Rupees	Rupees
Fixed rate instruments Financial assets	130,000,000	
Financial liabilities		
Variable rate instruments		
Financial assets	60,648,898	11,870,983
Financial liabilities		

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for June 30, 2023.

Profit ar	nd loss		Equ	ity
100 BP increase	100 BP decrease		100 BP increase	100 BP decrease
		Rupees		
-	-		· ·	-

### Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments 2023

36.4 Other price risk

Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments 2024

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk as it does not hold financial instruments based commodity prices.

#### 2024 2023 36.5 Off balance sheet items Rupees Rupees 48,340,753 48,340,753 Bank guarantees issued in ordinary course of business

The effective rate of interest / mark up for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

#### Fair value of Financial assets & liabilities

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and liabilities. The fair value of financial assets measured at fair value is shown below. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value as the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		Carryin	g Amount		
	2024			2023	
At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income
			Rupees		
-	-	67,685	-	-	39,000
19,681,879			12,021,879		
286,482,851	-		156,961,716		
3,754,736			3,584,736		
136,820,685		-	48,542,883		-
446,740,151		67,685	221,111,214		39,000

Financial assets Long term Investments Long term deposits Trade Debt Loans and advances Cash & Bank



		Carryin	g Amount		
	2024			2023	
At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income
			Rupees		,
222,701,408 871,701,203	-	-	406,562,604 848,390,650		-
1,661,798,171	-	-	1,671,852,477	-	
2,756,200,782	-		2,926,805,731	-	-

Short term borrowings from directors and others

The basis for determining fair values is as follows:

Short term borrowings from associated undertakings

#### Interest rates used for determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the government yield curve at the reporting date plus an adequate credit spread. Since the majority of the financial assets are fixed rate instruments, there is no significant difference in market rate and the rate of instrument, fair value significantly approximates to carrying value.

#### Fair value hierarchy

Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables

The table below analyzes financial assets that are measured at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 : Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2 : Observable inputs; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

#### The Company held the following financial assets at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Rupees			
JUNE 30,2024				
At fair value through other comprehensive income				
Long term investments	67,685			67,68
JUNE 30, 2023				
7011L 30,2023				
At fair value through other comprehensive income				
Long term investments	39,000	-	-	39,00

#### Determination of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods:

#### Long term Investments

The fair value of long term investments is determined by reference to their quoted closing value as at the reporting date.

#### 37 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's prime object when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total capital employed. Borrowings represent long term financing, long term loan from directors and others and short term borrowings. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the balance sheet plus borrowings.

		2024	2023
Borrowings	Rupees	2,463,899,873	2,450,643,626
Total equity	Rupees	1,002,856,850	303,994,251
Total capital employed	Rupees	3,466,756,723	2,754,637,877
Gearing ratio	Percentage	71%	89%

#### 38 PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, raw material used, spindle speed and twist. It would also vary according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

		2024	2023
	Weaving		
	Number of looms installed	200	200
	Installed capacity at 60 picks - meters	64,348,888	64,348,888
	Capacity utilized	69%	71%
	Actual production of cloth - meters	35,235,416	35,846,322
	Actual production of cloth converted at 60 picks at		
	100% efficiency - meters	44,437,788	45,799,463
	Number of shifts per day	3	3
	Number of shifts worked per year	1092	1083
39	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2024	2023
	Number of employees worked at June 30,	535	549
	Average number of employees worked during the year	539	623



#### 40 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Comparative information has been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of better presentation and comparison. Following major reclassification has been made during the year.

 40.1
 Description
 Reclassified from
 Reclassified to
 Note
 Amount

 GIDC Payable
 Long term Payables
 Trade and other payables
 20
 16,248,160

#### 41 IMPACT OF RESTATEMENT

During the year the Institute of Chartered Accountant of Pakistan (ICAP) have withdrawn the Technical Release 27 "IAS 12, Income Taxes (Revised 2012)" and issued guidance - "IAS 12 Application Guidance on Accounting for Minimum Taxes and Final Taxes". The said guidance requires certain amounts of tax paid under minimum tax (which is not adjustable against future income tax liability) and final tax regime to be shown separately as a levy instead of showing it in current tax.

Accordingly, the impact has been incorporated in these financial statements retrospectively in accordance with the requirement of International Accounting Standard (IAS 8) – 'Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors'. There has been no effect on the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and earning per share as a result of this change.

Amount in Rupees					
Had there been no change in accounting policies	Impact of Change in Accounting Policies	After Incorporating effect of change in accounting policies			

Effect on Statement of Profit or Loss 2023 Profit/ (loss) before levies and income tax

r ---t--

Profit/ (loss) before income tax

Income tax expense Profit/(loss) for the year

94,111,120	-	94,111,120
	(15,998,890)	(15,998,890)
94,111,120	15,998,890	78,112,230
(16,266,056)	(15,998,890)	(267,166)
77,845,064	-	77,845,064

42	DATE	ΩF	ΔUTH	ORI7A	TION	FOR	ISSUE

These financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on \_\_\_\_\_

#### 43 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



### بورڈ میٹنگز

سال کے دوران حیار بورڈ میٹنگز وقوع پذیر ہوئی ہیں، جنگی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

حاضري	ڈ ائر یکٹر کا نام	نمبرشار
4	محترمه ساره محدسابير	1
3	محتر مه منيزه سيف	۲
4	محتر م جنيدخان	٣
4	محترم عرفان احمه صديقي	۴
3	محترمه عائشه سيف خان	۵
4	محترم احسان الرحمٰن خان	۲
2	محترم خالدرحمان خان	4

# آ ڈٹ میٹی

بورڈ زآف ڈائر یکٹرزنے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی پیروی کرتے ہوئے آڈٹ کمیٹی بنائی ہےاور جن کے نام کمپنی کے معلوماتی صفحے پرموجود ہیں۔

# HR اورخد مات کے صلے کی تمیش

بورڈ آف ڈئر کیٹرزنے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی پیروی کرتے ہوئے HRاورخد مات کے صلے کی کمیٹی بنائی ہےاور جن کے نام کمپنی کے معلوماتی صفح پر موجود ہیں۔

# ا يكسٹرنل آ ڈيٹر

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز نے میسرزمشاق اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس کوا گلے سالا نہ اجلاس تک کے لیے ایکسٹرنل آ ڈیٹر کے طور پر دوبارہ نامز دکرنے کی سفارش کی ہے

# مجكم بورد آف د ائر يكٹرز

ساره محرسایه سی-ای-او عرفان احدصد یقی ڈائز یکٹر

اسلام آباد

بتاریخ: ۴۰ اکتوبر۲۰۲۴ء



# دُ بودُ ندُ کی تقسیم

سمپنی باقی ماندہ ڈیوڈ نڈ کاطریقنہ کاراپنارہی ہےاورور کنگ کیپیل کی بیس کو بڑھارہی ہے تا کہ ہولڈنگ سے فائدہ حاصل کیا جا سکے۔

# كاربوريث اور مالياتي ربور تنگ فريم ورك كابيان

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کےمطابق ہم مندرجہ ذیل کارپوریٹ اور فنانشل رپورٹنگ کے طریقہ کارکی شیٹمنٹ بیان کرہے ہیں۔

- ا۔ سمپنی کی مینجنٹ کی طرف سے پیش کردہ فنانشل شیٹمنٹ شفاف طریقے سے اسکے معاملات، آپریشن کے نتائج، رقم کے بہاؤاورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی کو بیان کررہی ہے۔
  - ۲۔ کمپنی کے بک آف اکاؤنٹ اچھطریقے سے برقر ارر کھے جارہے ہیں۔
- سر IFRS انٹریشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ سٹینڈرز اور IAS انٹریشنل آڈیٹنگ سٹینڈرز جیسے پاکستان میں نافذ العمل ہیں، فنانشل سٹیٹنٹ انکے مطابق بنائی گئی ہیں اوران سے روگر دانی کواچھے طریقے سے بیان کر دیا گیا ہے۔
  - ۴۔ مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ یالیسی کومتنقل مزاجی سے استعال کرتے ہوئے فنانشل شیٹمنٹ کو بنایا گیا ہے۔
  - ۵۔ انٹرنل کنٹرول کاطریقہ کارمضبوط ہے اور اسکو بہترین طریقہ سے اپنایا جارہا ہے اور اس پرنظر رکھی جارہی ہے، اس کے طریقہ کار کامسلسل جائزہ لیا جاتا اور انٹرنل کنٹرول کے حوالے سے کسی بھی کمزوری کوختم کردیا جائے گا۔
    - ۲۔ سمپنی کے منصوبوں اور امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے اسکی صلاحیت پر کوئی شک نہیں ہے۔
    - ے۔ اسٹنگ ریگولیشنز کےمطابق کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں میں کوئی بے ضابطگی عمل میں نہیں آئی ہے۔
      - ۸۔ گزشتہ چھ(6)سال کا اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹا خلاصے کی شکل میں ساتھ لگادیا گیا ہے۔
        - 9۔ 30 جون 2024ء تک کوئی جرمانہ واجب الا دانہیں ہے۔
        - ۱۰ حصدداری کی ترتیب اوراضا فی معلومات ساتھ لگادی گئی ہیں۔
- اا۔ دوران سال کمپنی کے صص میں ڈائر کیٹرز، CFO،CEO، کمپنی سیریٹری ،ان کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی طرف سے کوئی تجارت نہیں کی گئ۔

## صنفى لحاظ ية نخواه كافرق:

کمپنی صنفی امتیاز سے بالاتر کام کرنے کے ماحول کوفروغ دینے کیلئے پرعزم ہے اور یہ بیٹنی بناتی ہے کہ جنس سے قطع نظر مساوی تخواہ دی جائے۔ ملاز مین کی تخواہ کا تعین کئی عوامل پر کیا جاتا ہے جن میں پیشہ وارانہ تجربہ، ملازمت کا دورانیہ تعلیمی قابلیت، کارکردگی اور مارکیٹ کے حالات شامل ہیں۔معاوضہ غیر جانبدارانہ اہلیت کی بنیاد پر دیا جاتا ہے جو کسی بھی قتم کی صنفی تفریق سے پاک ہوتا ہے۔ کمپنی نے اپنی خواتین ملاز مین کی تعداد میں اضافہ کرنے پراپی توجہ رکھی ہوئی ہے تا کہ کمپنی اپنی مجموعی ذہانت میں بہتری لا سکے۔



### اعتراف:

ہم عاجزی اور شکر گزاری کے ساتھ اللہ تعالی کے آگے اپناسر شلیم خم کرتے ہیں جو بہت مہربان اور رحم کرنے والا ہے کہ وہ ہماری را ہنمائی کرے اور ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ مپنی اس کے بے شارفضائل سے فیض یاب ہوتی رہے گی۔

ہم اس موقع پر قابل قدر شیئر ہولڈرز، بیکوں اور صارفین کے شکر گزار ہیں جن کے بلا تعطل تعاون اور مدد نے کمپنی کوتر قی کی راہ پرڈال دیا ہے۔سال کے دوران انتظامیہ اور ملاز مین کے درمیان خوشگوار تعلقات قائم رہے اور ہم کمپنی کے لیے خدمات فراہم کرنے کے لیے ان کے عزم، شلسل اور تن دہی کی تعریف کرتے ہیں۔

# مستقبل کے امکانات:

پاکستان کے ٹیکسٹائل سیٹر کو بہت سے چیلنجز کا سامنا ہے جسکی وجہ سے اسکے مقابلہ کرنے پرمنفی اثر ات مرتب ہور ہے ہیں۔ان چیلنجز کے نتیجہ میں طلب میں کمی ، مہنگائی اور آپریشنل اخراجات میں اضافہ ، مہنگی در آمدات اور خام مال کی خرید اور حکومت کی جانب سے ٹیکسوں میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔اس مشکل نے بہت سے چھوٹے اور درمیانے درج کی ٹیکسٹائل صنعتوں کو بند ہونے پرمجبور کر دیا ہے۔اس کے برعکس ٹیکسٹائل کی بڑی صنعتوں نے اس مشکل ماحول میں برداشت دکھائی ہے۔ان چیلنجز کے باوجود صنعتیں لاگت میں کی کوششوں پرخصوصی توجہ دے کرمنا فع حاصل کرنے کے لیے پر امید ہیں۔

سال کے دوران ہونے والے عام انتخابات کے نتیجہ میں ایک نئ حکومت عہدہ سنجال چکی ہے۔ آئی ایم ایف نے پاکستان کے لیے 7ارب ڈالر کے قرض کی منظوری دے دی ہے جس سے مستقبل کے میکروا کنا مک اشاریوں میں استحکام آئے گا۔ تاہم بیمعاہدہ سخت شرائط پر ہوا ہے جس میں وسیع پیانے پر بہتری کا مطالبہ شامل ہے جس کا مطلب ہے کہ حکومت کو محدود مالی خود مختاری حاصل ہوگی۔ تقریبا گزشته ایک سال سے مشرق وسطی میں سیاسی اور عسکری کشیدگی جاری ہے۔ اگر تناز عدمزید طول پکڑتار ہاتو دنیا بھر میں ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں مزید اضافہ ہونے کا امکان ہے۔

آ کی انتظامیکار وباری ماحول کے حوالہ سے پرامید ہے کیونکہ ہم ایندھن اور تو انائی کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے بڑھنے والی کار وباری لاگت کے منفی اثرات کوختم کرنے کے لیے منصوبہ بندی کررہے ہیں۔



اختتام شدہ سال 2024 میں آپکی کمپنی کا قبل از لیویز اور انکم ٹیکس منافع 169.91 ملین روپ (30 جون 2023 میں 94.11 ملین روپے ) ہے۔سالانہ کارکردگی کا پچھلے سال کے ساتھ ذیل میں موازنہ کیا گیا ہے:۔

	سال 2024	سال 2023
	رو پچ	روپي
خالص فرِ وختِ	1,470,172,094	870,963,477
<b>فروخت کی لاگت</b>	(1,364,711,274)	(821,183,461)
مجموعى منافع	105,460,820	49,780,016
ڈ سٹر <b>ی بیوش</b> لاگت	(2,330,394)	(539,899)
انتظامی اخراجات	(24,246,347)	(25,043,426)
دیگرآ پریٹنگ اخراجات	(17,901,507)	(9,781,964)
•	(44,478,248)	(35,365,289)
آ بریٹنگ منافع	60,982,572	14,414,727
دىگىر آ مدنى	111,607,477	81,488,463
	172,590,049	95,903,190
فنانس لا گتِ	(2,676,936)	(1,792,070)
لیویز اورانکمٹیکس سے پہلے کامنا فع	169,913,113	94,111,120
في خصص منافع	4.302	1.579

اس سال کے دوران کمپنی نے فروخت کا صحت مندانہ رجمان برقر اررکھااور 40.76 فیصداضا فہ کے ساتھ 1,470 ملین روپے کی خالص فروخت کی آمدنی ماصل کی ہے جو کہ 2023ء میں 871 ملین روپے تھی۔اس سال فروخت کی لاگت 1,364.71 ملین روپے (30 جون 2023ء میں 871.18 ملین روپے رہی جس میں 66.19 فیصداضا فہ ہوا ہے جسکی بنیادی وجہ ایندھن اور تو انائی کی لاگت میں اضا فہ ہے۔

زیرنظرسال میں مجموعی منافع 105.46 ملین روپے ہے جو کہ گزشتہ سال 49.78 ملین روپے تھا جبکہ موجودہ سال میں قبل از لیویز اور انکمٹیکس منافع 169.913 ملین روپے ہے جو کہ گزشتہ سال 94.111 ملین روپے تھا۔ دیگر آمدنی میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ پلانٹ اور مشینری کی فروخت ہے۔



# ڈائر کیٹرز ربورٹ

ریڈ کوٹیکٹا کلزلمیٹڈ کے ڈائر کیٹرز 33واں سالانہ میزانیہ بمعہ آڈیٹڈ فنانشل ٹیٹمٹش اور آڈیٹرزرپورٹ جو کہ اختیام شدہ سال 30 جون 2024 کے لیے ہے اور باقی ضروری معلومات جو کہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس میں واضح کی گئی ہیں کوپیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں کررہے ہیں۔

## مجموعی جائزه:

موجودہ سال کے دوران کمپنی توانائی کے متبادل ذریعے کی طرف منتقل ہو گئ ہے جسکے نتیجہ میں کمپنی اپنی مل میں سولر پینلز لگارہی ہے۔ مہنگی بجلی کی مدمیں یہ کمپنی کے لیے اسکی لاگت میں نمایاں کمی کا باعث بنے گی۔ توانائی کی ہوشر بالاگت، سخت معاشی حالات اور ملک میں جاری سیاسی بدامنی کی وجہ سے درپیش چیلنجز کے باوجود کمپنی موجودہ سال کے دوران منافع حاصل کرنے میں کا میاب ہوئی ہے۔

سال 24-2023 کے روال سیزن کے دوران کیاس کی پیداوار میں گزشتہ اس سال کی مدت کے مقابلہ میں نصف کمی ہوئی ہے۔ کیاس کی مایوس کن پیداوار موسمیاتی تبدیلیوں کے اثرات کی وجہ سے ہے۔ یہ توانائی اور خام مال کی بلند قیمت اور بلند شرح سود کے ساتھ مل کر رہی ہے جسکی وجہ سے معاشی سر ثابت ہور ہا ہے۔ مہنگائی کی مسلسل بلند شرح صارفین کے رویوں اور عام لوگوں کی قوت خرید کو بری طرح متاثر کر رہی ہے جسکی وجہ سے معاشی سر گرمیاں کم ہور ہی ہیں۔ یہ سال عام انتخابات کے انعقاد اور بین الاقوامی مالیاتی فنڈ (IMF) کے ساتھ حکومت پاکستان کے توسیعی فنڈ سہولت گرمیاں کم ہور ہی ہیں۔ یہ سال عام انتخابات کے انعقاد اور بین الاقوامی مالیاتی فنڈ (EFF) کے لیے مزید بات چیت کی وجہ سے نمایاں رہا ہے۔ اگر چہ IMF نے EFF کے لیے کستان کی درخواست منظور کر لی ہے لیکن اس نے EFF کے لیے کستان کے لیے خت اہداف مقرر کئے ہیں۔ اس کے نتیجہ میں پہلے سے ہی مشکل میں بھنسے عام افرادا سے اخراجات کم کرنے پر مجبور ہوجا کیں گے۔ اس سے معیشت اور صنعت کو گرشعیے متاثر ہوں گے۔

30 جون 2024ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران آپکی کمپنی نے 1,470.17 ملین روپے کی فروخت پر 105.46 ملین روپے کامجموعی منافع کمایا ہے جبکہ پچھلے سال اسی مدت میں 870.96 ملین روپے کی فروخت پرمجموعی منافع 49.78 ملین روپے رہا۔ رواں مالی سال آپکی کمپنی نے پچھلے سال کے اسی عرصہ کے 77.85 ملین روپے خالص منافع کے مقابلہ میں 212.08 ملین روپے کا خالص منافع حاصل کیا ہے۔

# آپریشنل اور مالی کارگردگی:

الله تعالی کے فضل وکرم سے انتظامیہ نے کمپنی کے بہترین مفاد میں اقد امات کئے ہیں اور سال بھر جاری رہے والے سخت معاشی حالات اور تو انائی کے بلنداخراجات کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے کمپنی کے نتائج کوسلی بخش قرار دیاجا سکتا ہے۔ کمپنی نے سولر پینلز لگا کرنمایاں سرمایہ کاری بھی کی ہے۔



# چیئر مین کی جائزه ربورٹ

مجھے بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اور کمپنی کے مقاصد حاصل کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 اور لیٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس) ریگولیشنز 2019 کی تنمیل کویقنی بنانے کے بارے میں رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوس ہورہی ہے۔

بورڈ نے کمپنی اور شئیر ہولڈرز کے بہترین مفاد میں اپنے فرائض سرانجام دیئے ہیں۔ میں نے بطور بورڈ چیئر پرس اس بات کویقینی بنایا کہ اہداف کے حصول پر توجہ دیتے ہوئے بورڈ کے اجلاس اطمینان بخش ماحول میں منعقد ہوں۔

مالی سال 24-2023 میں بجلی اور قدرتی گیس کی قیمتوں میں ہوشر بااضافہ، آسان سے باتیں کرتی مہنگائی کی شرح، کپاس کی فصل کی کم پیداوار اور سخت معاشی حالات اور سیاسی بدامنی کی وجہ سے پیدا ہونے والی آپریشنل مشکلات کے باوجود ہم مستعد کوشیشوں کے ذریعے منافع کمانے میں کامیاب رہے ہیں۔

ریڈ کوٹیکٹا کازلمیٹڈ، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز اور اسکی کمیٹیوں کی تشکیل، طریقہ کار اور میٹنگز کے حوالہ سے قانون میں بیان کر دہ تمام تقاضوں کی تشکیل کرتی ہے۔ بورڈ اور اسکی کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں سے قبل متعلقہ بورڈ ایجنڈ ہے اور معاون دستاویز ات مناسب وقت میں بورڈ کوفرا ہم کر دی گئی تھیں۔ بورڈ نے متعلقہ قوانین اور ضابطوں کے مطابق اپنے تمام اختیارات استعمال کئے ہیں اور بورڈ کے اہم فیصلوں اور مباحثوں میں نان ایکڑ کیٹواور آزادڈ ائر کیٹران برابر شامل ہوتے ہیں۔

اس سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے آپریشنل حکمت عملیوں اور نئے مالی اور آپریشنل اہداف کے تعین پر توجہ مرکوز کی ہے۔ بورڈ نے با قاعد گی سے بجٹ کے اہداف پر نظر رکھی ہے۔ زیر نظر سال کے دوران بورڈ کی ذیلی کمیٹیوں نے بھی اپنے فرائض اپنے تو اعد وضوابط کے مطابق بخو بی سرانجام دیئے ہیں۔ بورڈ نے سال کے دوران اپنی کارکر دگی کا جائزہ لیا ہے جو کافی حد تک حوصلہ افزاء رہا ہے۔

منیزه سیف چئیریرسن اسلام آباد بتاریخ: ۴۰ اکتوبر۲۰۲۴ء



## FORM OF PROXY REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED

		Ledger folio	no	and/or,
The Company Secretary, Redco Textiles Limited, Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad.	CDC Participant ID	no	_Sub-Accou	nt no
I/ We	of			
Appoint				
Of				
Failing him/ her				
Of				
As my/ our proxy to attend ar Meeting of the company to be adjournment thereof.	nd vote for me/ us on e held on 28 <sup>th</sup> day of	my/our beha f October, 202	alf, at the 33 44 at 09:00	3 <sup>rd</sup> Annual General am and at every
As witness me/ our hand(s) this	s	day of		2024
		R	Affix evenue Stamp	
(Signature	Signed e appended above sho registered		the specim	

#### NOTE:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy in accordance with Article 56 of Association of the Company, Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at 78-E, Redco Arcade, Islamabad the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 2. In case of proxy for an individual beneficial owner of shares from CDC, attested copies of beneficial owners computerized National Identity Card or passport, Account and Participant's I.D. number must be deposited alongwith the form of proxy. In case of proxy for representative of corporate members from CDC, Board of Directors' resolution and power of attorney and the specimen signature of the nominee must be deposited along with the form of proxy. The proxy shall produce his/her original Computerized National Identity Card or passport at the time of meeting.



	ليجرفو ليونمبر —— اورريا،	پراکسی فارم
– سبا کاؤنٹ نمبر	سى ـ ۋى ـ شرىك كارآئى ـ ۋى نمبر	ر پڈکو ٹیکسٹا کلزلمیٹڈ
		<sup>س</sup> مپنی <i>سیر</i> ٹری
	78-E	ریدگو ٹیکسٹا نکزلمیٹڈ، ریڈکوآ رکیڈ،
		بليوا رياءاسلام آباد
	ساکن	
		رم ساکن ساکن
		یا ن عدم موجود گی مشتمی رمساة ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
		ساكن
	ں تا کہوہ میری جگہاور میری طرف سے مپنی کے 33 ویں سالانہ اجا ہے، میں اوراس کے کسی ملتوی شدہ اجلاس میں ووٹ ڈ الے۔ ————————————————————————————————————	بونت 09:00 بج منعقد ہور ہا دستخط بقلم خود
ر يو نيو مهر	مہینہ ——— مہینہ رجسٹر میں اندراج شدہ دستخط سے مطابقت رکھتے ہوں )	وشخط تارت هذا (مندرجه بالاوستخط پہلے سے ممپنی کے نو ہے
نی کے آرٹیکل نمبر56 کے تحت براکسی مقرر	رووٹ کاانتحقاق رکھتا ہوکسی دوسر ہےحصہ دارکوالیسوسی ایشن آف مپر	
	۔ ز ہونے کے لیےاس کاتحریری ہونا،مہر ثبت ہونا،دستخط شدہ ہونااور گ	
•	کے بینی کے رجسڑ ڈ آفس ریڈ کوآ رکیڈ ، E-78، بلیواریا،اسلام آباد	
· •	۔ پے انفرادی فائدہ مند ما لک کی طرف سے ہوں وہ پراکسی فارم۔	
	یا پاسپورٹ کی کی کا پی ،ا کاؤنٹ اور Participants ID نمبرلا	•
	یپ ، کارپوریٹ حصہ دار کانمائندہ ہووہ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد او	•
ŕ	•	ہے۔ طور پر پراکسی فارم کےساتھ جمع کرو
	 دا پنااصل کمپوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کارڈ دکھا ناضر وری ہوگا۔	



www.redcotextiles.com

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